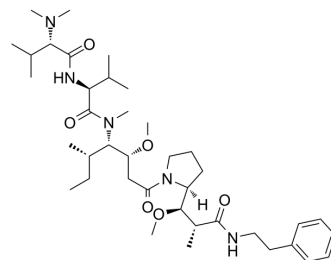


## Soblidotin

Cat. No.:	HY-14672
CAS No.:	149606-27-9
Molecular Formula:	C <sub>39</sub> H <sub>67</sub> N <sub>5</sub> O <sub>6</sub>
Molecular Weight:	701.98
Target:	Microtubule/Tubulin
Pathway:	Cell Cycle/DNA Damage; Cytoskeleton
Storage:	Powder    -20°C    3 years 4°C        2 years



\* The compound is unstable in solutions, freshly prepared is recommended.

### SOLVENT & SOLUBILITY

In Vitro	DMSO : 100 mg/mL (142.45 mM; Need ultrasonic)																					
	H <sub>2</sub> O : < 0.1 mg/mL (insoluble)																					
	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th rowspan="2">Solvent</th> <th rowspan="2">Mass</th> <th colspan="3">Concentration</th> </tr> <tr> <th>1 mg</th> <th>5 mg</th> <th>10 mg</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td rowspan="3">Preparing Stock Solutions</td> <td>1 mM</td> <td>1.4245 mL</td> <td>7.1227 mL</td> <td>14.2454 mL</td> </tr> <tr> <td>5 mM</td> <td>0.2849 mL</td> <td>1.4245 mL</td> <td>2.8491 mL</td> </tr> <tr> <td>10 mM</td> <td>0.1425 mL</td> <td>0.7123 mL</td> <td>1.4245 mL</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Solvent	Mass	Concentration			1 mg	5 mg	10 mg	Preparing Stock Solutions	1 mM	1.4245 mL	7.1227 mL	14.2454 mL	5 mM	0.2849 mL	1.4245 mL	2.8491 mL	10 mM	0.1425 mL	0.7123 mL	1.4245 mL
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Please refer to the solubility information to select the appropriate solvent.																						
In Vivo	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO &gt;&gt; 90% (20% SBE-β-CD in saline) Solubility: ≥ 2.5 mg/mL (3.56 mM); Clear solution</li> <li>Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO &gt;&gt; 90% corn oil Solubility: ≥ 2.5 mg/mL (3.56 mM); Clear solution</li> </ol>																					

### BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

Description	Soblidotin (Auristatin PE) is a novel synthetic Dolastatin 10 derivative and inhibitor of tubulin polymerization.
IC <sub>50</sub> & Target	Tubulin <sup>[1]</sup>
In Vitro	Soblidotin (Auristatin PE) is a novel synthetic dolastatin 10 derivative that inhibits tubulin polymerization. Soblidotin (Auristatin PE) exhibits antitumor activity against p-glycoprotein-overexpressing cell lines established from colon cancer H116 and breast cancer-resistant protein-positive cell lines established from lung cancer PC-6, and is more potent than Vincristine, Paclitaxel, and Docetaxel against these cell lines <sup>[1]</sup> . Soblidotin (Auristatin PE) is a synthetic analog of dolastatin 10 which inhibits the growth of several tumoral cell lines and induces caspase-3-dependent apoptosis. Soblidotin (Auristatin PE) also shows antitumoral activity in Vincristine-, Docetaxel-, and Paclitaxel-resistant tumors, which makes it a potential

chemotherapy drug for use in tumors which do not respond to other microtubule inhibitors<sup>[2]</sup>.  
MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

#### In Vivo

Intravenous injection of Auristatin PE (TZT-1027) has been shown to potently inhibit the growth of P388 leukemic cells and several solid tumors in mice, and to prolong the survival of the animals, and its antitumor efficacy has been shown to be superior or comparable to that of the reference agents Dolastatin 10, Cisplatin, Vincristine, and 5-Fluorouracil. Furthermore, in xenograft models, Auristatin PE reduces intratumoral blood perfusion 1 to >24 h after its administration, thereby producing hemorrhagic necrosis of the tumors<sup>[1]</sup>. Auristatin PE (Soblidotin) shows antivascular effects in tumoral models overexpressing VEGF and in murine colon tumors, with an increase in vascular permeability, vessel closure, and widespread hemorrhage<sup>[2]</sup>. Mice bearing subcutaneous HT-29 tumors (200 mm<sup>3</sup>) are dosed every 7 days with Auristatin PE (0.5 or 1.0 mg/kg) for a total of four cycles. Under such conditions, Auristatin PE (TZT-1027) inhibits the growth of HT-29 xenografts in a dose-dependent manner. Coadministration of Auristatin PE does not interfere with the PD184352-induced suppression of ERK1/2 phosphorylation. Immunostaining for Ki-67 as a marker for proliferating cells confirmed that the number of such cells in tumor sections is decreased greatly at 24 hours after the initial dosing with PD184352 compared with that apparent for vehicle-treated tumors. Auristatin PE treatment alone increases the number of TUNEL-positive cells in HT-29 xenografts by 24 hours in a dose-dependent manner, and this effect is enhanced by coadministration of PD184352<sup>[3]</sup>.  
MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

## PROTOCOL

#### Animal Administration <sup>[3]</sup>

Mice<sup>[3]</sup>  
Soblidotin (Auristatin PE) and Vinorelbine are dissolved in 0.05 M sodium lactate buffer (pH 4.5) and in PBS, respectively. Mice are treated every 7 d with PD184352 (200 mg/kg) or vehicle by oral administration (four times per day, every 6 h) and with Auristatin PE (0.25-2.5 mg/kg), Vinorelbine (5-20 mg/kg), or vehicle by i.v. injection (once per day, 1 h after the first PD184352 administration). Tumor volume is measured with digital calipers and calculated according to the following formula: (longest diameter)×(shortest diameter)<sup>2</sup>/2. Body weight, tumor volume, and toxicities are noted every 2 to 4 d for the duration of the experiment.  
MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

## CUSTOMER VALIDATION

- Mat Sci Eng C-mater. 2020 Apr;109:110509.

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## REFERENCES

- [1]. Yamamoto N, et al. Phase I study of TZT-1027, a novel synthetic dolastatin 10 derivative and inhibitor of tubulin polymerization, given weekly to advanced solid tumor patients for 3 weeks. *Cancer Sci.* 2009 Feb;100(2):316-21.
- [2]. Fanale D, et al. Stabilizing versus destabilizing the microtubules: a double-edge sword for an effective cancer treatment option? *Anal Cell Pathol (Amst)*. 2015;2015:690916.
- [3]. Watanabe K, et al. Blockade of the extracellular signal-regulated kinase pathway enhances the therapeutic efficacy of microtubule-destabilizing agents in human tumor xenograft models. *Clin Cancer Res.* 2010 Feb 15;16(4):1170-8.

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**Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.**

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