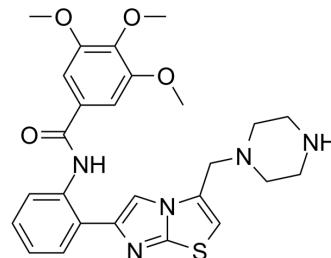


## SRT 1460

<b>Cat. No.:</b>	HY-124037		
<b>CAS No.:</b>	925432-73-1		
<b>Molecular Formula:</b>	C <sub>26</sub> H <sub>29</sub> N <sub>5</sub> O <sub>4</sub> S		
<b>Molecular Weight:</b>	507.6		
<b>Target:</b>	Sirtuin		
<b>Pathway:</b>	Cell Cycle/DNA Damage; Epigenetics		
<b>Storage:</b>	Powder	-20°C	3 years
		4°C	2 years
	In solvent	-80°C	2 years
		-20°C	1 year



## SOLVENT & SOLUBILITY

<b>In Vitro</b>	DMSO : 10 mg/mL (19.70 mM; Need ultrasonic)			
		Solvent Concentration	Mass	
			1 mg	5 mg
			10 mg	
<b>Preparing Stock Solutions</b>	<b>1 mM</b>	1.9701 mL	9.8503 mL	19.7006 mL
	<b>5 mM</b>	0.3940 mL	1.9701 mL	3.9401 mL
	<b>10 mM</b>	0.1970 mL	0.9850 mL	1.9701 mL
Please refer to the solubility information to select the appropriate solvent.				
<b>In Vivo</b>	1. Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 40% PEG300 >> 5% Tween-80 >> 45% saline Solubility: ≥ 1.25 mg/mL (2.46 mM); Clear solution  2. Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% corn oil Solubility: ≥ 1.25 mg/mL (2.46 mM); Clear solution			

## BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

<b>Description</b>	SRT 1460, a potent Sirtuin-1 (SIRT1) activator with an EC <sub>1.5</sub> value of 2.9 μM, shows good selectivity for activation of SIRT1 versus SIRT2 and SIRT3 (EC <sub>1.5</sub> >300 μM), and is more potent than Resveratrol and the closest sirtuin homologues <sup>[1]</sup> .
<b>IC<sub>50</sub> &amp; Target</b>	SIRT1 2.9 μM (EC <sub>1.5</sub> )
<b>In Vitro</b>	SRT 1460 (2-6 μM; 72 hours) inhibits cell viability in a dose-dependent manner, with all pancreatic cancer cells being more sensitive than the control HPDE cell. The IC <sub>50</sub> s of those cells are: Patu8988t, 1.62±0.13 μM; SU86.86, 2.31±0.23 μM; Panc-1, 0.66 ±0.02 μM; HPDE, 2.39±0.29 μM <sup>[2]</sup> . SRT 1460 (5 μM; 16 hours) increases expression of the autophagy marker LC3-II <sup>[2]</sup> .

MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

#### Cell Viability Assay<sup>[2]</sup>

Cell Line:	Patu8988t (pancreatic cancer cells), Panc-1 (pancreatic cancer cells), SU86.86 (pancreatic cancer cells), HPDE cells
Concentration:	2 $\mu$ M, 4 $\mu$ M, 6 $\mu$ M
Incubation Time:	72 hours
Result:	Inhibited cell viability in a dose-dependent manner, with all pancreatic cancer cells being more sensitive than the control HPDE cell. The IC <sub>50</sub> s of those cells were: Patu8988t, 1.62 $\pm$ 0.13 $\mu$ M; SU86.86, 2.31 $\pm$ 0.23 $\mu$ M; Panc-1, 0.66 $\pm$ 0.02 $\mu$ M; HPDE, 2.39 $\pm$ 0.29 $\mu$ M.

#### Western Blot Analysis<sup>[2]</sup>

Cell Line:	Patu8988t cells
Concentration:	5 $\mu$ M
Incubation Time:	16 hours
Result:	SIRT1460 increased expression of the autophagy marker LC3-II.

## CUSTOMER VALIDATION

- Cell Signal. 2021 Apr 21;110016.

See more customer validations on [www.MedChemExpress.com](http://www.MedChemExpress.com)

## REFERENCES

[1]. Milne JC, et al. Small molecule activators of SIRT1 as therapeutics for the treatment of type 2 diabetes. *Nature*. 2007 Nov 29; 450(7170): 712–716.

[2]. Chini CC, et al. SIRT1-Activating Compounds (STAC) Negatively Regulate Pancreatic Cancer Cell Growth and Viability Through a SIRT1 Lysosomal-Dependent Pathway. *Clin Cancer Res*. 2016 May 15;22(10):2496-507.

**Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.**

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