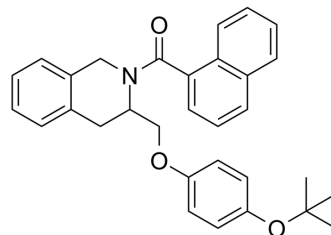


## SR10067

<b>Cat. No.:</b>	HY-117516		
<b>CAS No.:</b>	1380548-02-6		
<b>Molecular Formula:</b>	C <sub>31</sub> H <sub>31</sub> NO <sub>3</sub>		
<b>Molecular Weight:</b>	465.58		
<b>Target:</b>	REV-ERB		
<b>Pathway:</b>	Metabolic Enzyme/Protease; Vitamin D Related/Nuclear Receptor		
<b>Storage:</b>	Powder	-20°C	3 years
		4°C	2 years
	In solvent	-80°C	6 months
		-20°C	1 month



### SOLVENT & SOLUBILITY

#### In Vitro

DMSO : 100 mg/mL (214.79 mM; Need ultrasonic)

Solvent	Mass	Concentration		
		1 mg	5 mg	10 mg
Preparing Stock Solutions	1 mM	2.1479 mL	10.7393 mL	21.4786 mL
	5 mM	0.4296 mL	2.1479 mL	4.2957 mL
	10 mM	0.2148 mL	1.0739 mL	2.1479 mL

Please refer to the solubility information to select the appropriate solvent.

### BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

#### Description

SR10067 is a potent, selective and brain penetrant REV-ERB agonist. SR10067 has high affinity for Rev-Erbβ and Rev-Erba with IC<sub>50</sub> values of 160 nM and 170 nM, respectively. SR10067 can be used for the research of metabolic diseases and neuropsychiatric disorders<sup>[1][2]</sup>.

#### IC<sub>50</sub> & Target

IC<sub>50</sub>: 160 nM (Rev-Erbβ); 170 nM (Rev-Erba)<sup>[1]</sup>

#### In Vitro

SR10067 has high affinity for Rev-Erbβ and Rev-Erba with IC<sub>50</sub> values are 160 and 170 nM, respectively<sup>[1]</sup>. MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

#### In Vivo

SR10067 (i.p.; 30 mg/kg) has good pharmacokinetic properties in mouse<sup>[1]</sup>. MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

Animal Model:	Mice <sup>[1]</sup>
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Dosage:	30 mg/kg
Administration:	i.p.
Result:	Remained above the IC <sub>50</sub> of the receptor in plasma and brain concentrations. Suppressed the circadian rhythm of Npas2 gene expression in the mouse hypothalamus in a single injection and had a dose-dependent effect on reduction in nocturnal wheel running activity. Induced wakefulness and reduced SWS and REM sleep and displayed high anxiolytic activity.

## REFERENCES

- [1]. Banerjee S, et al. Pharmacological targeting of the mammalian clock regulates sleep architecture and emotional behaviour. Nat Commun. 2014 Dec 23;5:5759. doi: 10.1038/ncomms6759.
- [2]. Thevis M, et al. Emerging drugs affecting skeletal muscle function and mitochondrial biogenesis - Potential implications for sports drug testing programs. Rapid Commun Mass Spectrom. 2016 Mar 15;30(5):635-51.

**Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.**

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