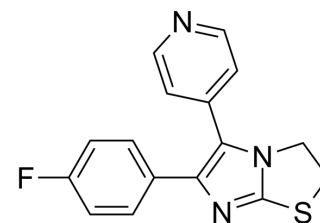


SKF-86002 dihydrochloride

Cat. No.:	HY-108641
CAS No.:	116339-68-5
Molecular Formula:	C ₁₆ H ₁₄ Cl ₂ FN ₃ S
Molecular Weight:	370.27
Target:	p38 MAPK
Pathway:	MAPK/ERK Pathway
Storage:	Please store the product under the recommended conditions in the Certificate of Analysis.



H-Cl H-Cl

BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

Description	SKF-86002 dihydrochloride is an orally active p38 MAPK inhibitor, with anti-inflammatory, anti-arthritis and analgesic activities. SKF-86002 dihydrochloride inhibits lipopolysaccharide (LPS)-stimulate human monocyte IL-1 and TNF- α production (IC ₅₀ = 1 μ M). SKF-86002 dihydrochloride inhibits lipoxygenase- and cyclooxygenase-mediated metabolism of arachidonic acid ^{[1][2][3]} .								
In Vitro	<p>SKF-86002 dihydrochloride (10 μM; 1 hour) inhibits apoptosis induced by stress stimulation with UV irradiation (UV)^[1]. SKF-86002 dihydrochloride does not inhibit UV-induced apoptosis in undifferentiated HL-60 cells^[1].</p> <p>SKF-86002 dihydrochloride (10 μM; 72 hours) prevent IL-4-induced monocyte or U937 cell CD23 surface expression and protein formation with no effect on CD23 mRNA levels^[4].</p> <p>MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.</p> <p>Western Blot Analysis^[4]</p> <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td style="width: 30%;">Cell Line:</td> <td>U937 cells</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Concentration:</td> <td>10 μM</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Incubation Time:</td> <td>72 hours</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Result:</td> <td>Reduced CD23 levels on IL-4-treated U937 cells.</td> </tr> </table>	Cell Line:	U937 cells	Concentration:	10 μ M	Incubation Time:	72 hours	Result:	Reduced CD23 levels on IL-4-treated U937 cells.
Cell Line:	U937 cells								
Concentration:	10 μ M								
Incubation Time:	72 hours								
Result:	Reduced CD23 levels on IL-4-treated U937 cells.								
In Vivo	<p>SKF-86002 dihydrochloride (10-90 mg/kg; p.o.; daily; for 22 days) has antiarthritic activity^[5].</p> <p>MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.</p> <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td style="width: 30%;">Animal Model:</td> <td>Lewis rats, with adjuvant-induced arthritis (AA)^[5]</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Dosage:</td> <td>10 mg/kg, 30 mg/kg, 90 mg/kg</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Administration:</td> <td>Oral administration, daily, for 22 days</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Result:</td> <td>Significantly decreased hindleg volumes after injection of adjuvant.</td> </tr> </table>	Animal Model:	Lewis rats, with adjuvant-induced arthritis (AA) ^[5]	Dosage:	10 mg/kg, 30 mg/kg, 90 mg/kg	Administration:	Oral administration, daily, for 22 days	Result:	Significantly decreased hindleg volumes after injection of adjuvant.
Animal Model:	Lewis rats, with adjuvant-induced arthritis (AA) ^[5]								
Dosage:	10 mg/kg, 30 mg/kg, 90 mg/kg								
Administration:	Oral administration, daily, for 22 days								
Result:	Significantly decreased hindleg volumes after injection of adjuvant.								

REFERENCES

-
- [1]. Frasch SC, et al. p38 mitogen-activated protein kinase-dependent and -independent intracellular signal transduction pathways leading to apoptosis in human neutrophils. *J Biol Chem.* 1998 Apr 3;273(14):8389-97.
- [2]. Griswold DE, et al. SK&F 86002: a structurally novel anti-inflammatory agent that inhibits lipoxygenase- and cyclooxygenase-mediated metabolism of arachidonic acid. *Biochem Pharmacol.* 1987 Oct 15;36(20):3463-70.
- [3]. Lee JC, et al. A protein kinase involved in the regulation of inflammatory cytokine biosynthesis. *Nature.* 1994;372(6508):739-746.
- [4]. L A Marshall, et al. Inhibitors of the p38 mitogen-activated kinase modulate IL-4 induction of low affinity IgE receptor (CD23) in human monocytes. *J Immunol.* 1998 Dec 1;161(11):6005-13.
- [5]. M J DiMartino, et al. Pharmacologic characterization of the antiinflammatory properties of a new dual inhibitor of lipoxygenase and cyclooxygenase. *Agents Actions.* 1987 Feb;20(1-2):113-23.
-

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

Tel: 609-228-6898

Fax: 609-228-5909

E-mail: tech@MedChemExpress.com

Address: 1 Deer Park Dr, Suite Q, Monmouth Junction, NJ 08852, USA