

SBE13

Cat. No.: HY-15158A CAS No.: 775294-82-1 Molecular Formula: C24H27CIN2O4

Molecular Weight: 442.94

Target: Polo-like Kinase (PLK); Autophagy Pathway: Cell Cycle/DNA Damage; Autophagy

Please store the product under the recommended conditions in the Certificate of Storage:

Analysis.

Product Data Sheet

BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

Description SBE13 is a potent and selective Plk1 inhibitor, with an IC₅₀ of 200 pM; SBE13 poorly inhibits Plk2 (IC₅₀>66 μM) or Plk3 (IC₅₀ =875 nM).

IC₅₀ & Target PLK1 PLK3

> 200 pM (IC₅₀) 875 nM (IC₅₀)

In Vitro

SBE13 significantly reduce cell proliferation and induce apoptosis in HeLa cells, with an EC₅₀ of 18 µM^[1]. SBE13 (1-100 µM) shows no effect on Caspase 3/7 activity in NIH-3T3 cells. SBE13 (66 and 100 μM) does not change morphology after treatment of primary cells. SBE13 (10 and 100 μM) reduces pRb staining in primary cells, and this indicates a G0/G1 arrest^[2]. SBE13 (66 and 100 μM) increases levels of cyclin B1, phospho histone H3, Wee1, Emi1 and securin, and results in cleavage of Cdc27 in HeLa cells. SBE13 (10 and 100 μ M) also induces apoptosis of HeLa cells^[3].

MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

PROTOCOL

Kinase Assav [1]

To assay Plk1 kinase activity, cells are lysed after 13 h release in the presence of SBE13 after double thymidine block and kinase is immunoprecipitated from lysates using antibodies. In brief, for each immunoprecipitation 800 μg of total protein are incubated with Plk1 antibody cocktail (1.5 µg) for 2 h at 4°C on a rotator. Immunoprecipitated protein is collected using Protein A/G Agarose beads. Plk1 immunoprecipitates are incubated with casein (1 μ g) and with [γ - 32 P]ATP (1 μ Ci) for 30 min at 37°C in kinase buffer. Products from the kinase assays are fractionated on 10 % bis-tris-polyacrylamide gels, and phosphorylated substrate is visualized by autoradiography after an exposure of 12-36 h. Equal amounts of immunoprecipitates are subjected to Western blot analysis to confirm equal loading of Plk1 protein in kinase reactions^[1]. MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

REFERENCES

- [1]. Keppner S, et al. Identification and validation of a potent type II inhibitor of inactive polo-like kinase 1. ChemMedChem. 2009 Nov;4(11):1806-9.
- [2]. Keppner S, et al. Fate of primary cells at the G?/S boundary after polo-like kinase 1 inhibition by SBE13. Cell Cycle. 2011 Feb 15;10(4):708-20. Epub 2011 Feb 15.

3]. Keppner S, et al. Biological	impact of freezing Plk1 in its ir	nactive conformation in cancer	r cells. Cell Cycle. 2010 Feb 15;9(4):7	761-73. Epub 2010 Feb 16.	
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