SB-277011 hydrochloride

Cat. No.:	HY-10847B
CAS No.:	215804-67-4
Molecular Formula:	C ₂₈ H ₃₁ ClN ₄ O
Molecular Weight:	475.02
Target:	Dopamine Receptor; 5-HT Receptor
Pathway:	GPCR/G Protein; Neuronal Signaling
Storage:	4°C, sealed storage, away from moisture
	* In solvent : -80°C, 6 months; -20°C, 1 month (sealed storage, away from moisture)

SOLVENT & SOLUBILITY

In Vitro	DMSO : 50 mg/mL (105.26 mM; Need ultrasonic) H ₂ O : 16.67 mg/mL (35.09 mM; Need ultrasonic)							
	_	Solvent Mass Concentration	1 mg	5 mg	10 mg			
	Preparing Stock Solutions	1 mM	2.1052 mL	10.5259 mL	21.0517 mL			
		5 mM	0.4210 mL	2.1052 mL	4.2103 mL			
		10 mM	0.2105 mL	1.0526 mL	2.1052 mL			
	Please refer to the solubility information to select the appropriate solvent.							
In Vivo	1. Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 40% PEG300 >> 5% Tween-80 >> 45% saline Solubility: ≥ 2.08 mg/mL (4.38 mM); Clear solution							
		2. Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% (20% SBE-β-CD in saline) Solubility: ≥ 2.08 mg/mL (4.38 mM); Clear solution						
		3. Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% corn oil Solubility: ≥ 2.08 mg/mL (4.38 mM); Clear solution						

BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY								
Description	SB-277011 hydrochloride (SB-277011A hydrochloride) is a potent, selective, orally bioavailable and brain penetrate dopamine D ₃ receptor (D ₃ R) antagonist with K _i values of 10.7 nM and 11.2 nM at rodent and human D ₃ R, respectively. SB-277011 hydrochloride displays 80- to 100-fold selectivity over other dopamine receptors with pK _i s of 8.0, 6.0, <5.2, and 5.9 for D3, D2, 5-HT _{1B} , and 5-HT _{1D} receptors, respectively ^{[1][2]} .							
IC ₅₀ & Target	D ₃ Receptor 10.7-11.2 nM (Ki)	D ₂ Receptor	5-HT _{1D} Receptor	5-HT _{1B} Receptor				

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H-CI



In Vivo

SB-277011 hydrochloride has an excellent pharmacokinetic profile, exhibits oral bioavailability 43%, half-life:2.0 h, plasma clearance 19 mL/min/kg) and to be highly brain-penetrant (brain:blood ratio of 3.6:1), with a clean P450 profile in the rat^[1]. SB-277011 hydrochloride (SB 277011; 3 mg/kg, p.o.) completely reverses the effects of quinelorane in the nucleus accumbens, but does not reverse the effects of quinelorane in the striatum at 93 mg/kg in rats^[1]. SB-277011 (intraperitoneal injection; 12.5-25 mg/kg) significantly and dose-dependently reduces intravenous cocaine self-administration under both low fixed-ratio and progressive-ratio reinforcement conditions in rats. When it increases to 50 mg/kg, SB-277011 can significantly inhibit basal and cocaine-enhanced locomotion in rats^[2]. MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

CUSTOMER VALIDATION

• Nat Neurosci. 2021 Dec 9.

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REFERENCES

[1]. Stemp G, et al. Design and synthesis of trans-N-[4-[2-(6-cyano-1,2,3, 4-tetrahydroisoquinolin-2-yl)ethyl]cyclohexyl]-4-quinolinecarboxamide (SB-277011): A potent and selective dopamine D(3) receptor antagonist with high oral bioavailability and CNS penetr

[2]. Rui Song, et al. YQA14: A Novel Dopamine D3 Receptor Antagonist That Inhibits Cocaine Self-Administration in Rats and Mice, but Not in D3 Receptor-Knockout Mice. Addict Biol

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.