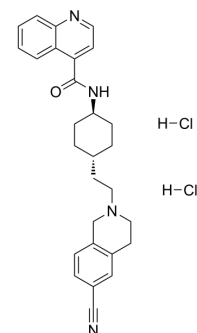


## SB-277011 dihydrochloride

<b>Cat. No.:</b>	HY-10847A
<b>CAS No.:</b>	1226917-67-4
<b>Molecular Formula:</b>	C <sub>28</sub> H <sub>32</sub> Cl <sub>2</sub> N <sub>4</sub> O
<b>Molecular Weight:</b>	511.49
<b>Target:</b>	Dopamine Receptor
<b>Pathway:</b>	GPCR/G Protein; Neuronal Signaling
<b>Storage:</b>	Please store the product under the recommended conditions in the Certificate of Analysis.



### SOLVENT & SOLUBILITY

<b>In Vivo</b>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO &gt;&gt; 40% PEG300 &gt;&gt; 5% Tween-80 &gt;&gt; 45% saline Solubility: ≥ 2.08 mg/mL (4.07 mM); Clear solution</li> <li>Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO &gt;&gt; 90% (20% SBE-β-CD in saline) Solubility: ≥ 2.08 mg/mL (4.07 mM); Clear solution</li> <li>Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO &gt;&gt; 90% corn oil Solubility: ≥ 2.08 mg/mL (4.07 mM); Clear solution</li> </ol>
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### BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

<b>Description</b>	SB-277011 dihydrochloride (SB-277011A dihydrochloride) is a potent, selective, orally bioavailable and brain penetrate dopamine D <sub>3</sub> receptor antagonist, with pK <sub>i</sub> s of 8.0, 6.0, <5.2 and 5.9 for D <sub>3</sub> , D <sub>2</sub> , 5-HT <sub>1B</sub> , and 5-HT <sub>1D</sub> receptors, respectively.
<b>IC<sub>50</sub> &amp; Target</b>	D <sub>3</sub> Receptor
<b>In Vitro</b>	<p>SB-277011 dihydrochloride is a potent, selective, orally bioavailable and brain penetrate dopamine D<sub>3</sub> receptor antagonist, and restores ≥100-fold selectivity against the D<sub>2</sub>, 5-HT<sub>1B</sub>, and 5-HT<sub>1D</sub> receptors, with pK<sub>i</sub>s of 8.0, 6.0, &lt;5.2 and 5.9 for D<sub>3</sub>, D<sub>2</sub>, 5-HT<sub>1B</sub>, and 5-HT<sub>1D</sub> receptors, respectively<sup>[1]</sup>.</p> <p>MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.</p>
<b>In Vivo</b>	<p>SB-277011 dihydrochloride (SB 277011; 3 mg/kg, p.o.) completely reverses the effects of quinlorane in the nucleus accumbens, but does not reverse the effects of quinlorane in the striatum at 93 mg/kg in rats<sup>[1]</sup>.</p> <p>SB-277011A (intraperitoneal injection; 12.5-25 mg/kg) significantly and dose-dependently inhibits self-administration in rats. When it increases to 50 mg/kg, SB-277011A can significantly inhibit basal and addictive agent-enhanced locomotion in rats<sup>[2]</sup>.</p> <p>MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.</p>

### CUSTOMER VALIDATION

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- Nat Neurosci. 2021 Dec 9.

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## REFERENCES

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- [1]. Stemp G, et al. Design and synthesis of trans-N-[4-[2-(6-cyano-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinolin-2-yl)ethyl]cyclohexyl]-4-quinolinecarboxamide (SB-277011): A potent and selective dopamine D(3) receptor antagonist with high oral bioavailability and CNS penetration in the rat. J Med Chem. 2000 May 4;43(9):1878-85.
- [2]. Rui Song, et al. YQA14: A Novel Dopamine D3 Receptor Antagonist That Inhibits Cocaine Self-Administration in Rats and Mice, but Not in D3 Receptor-Knockout Mice. Addict Biol
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**Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.**

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