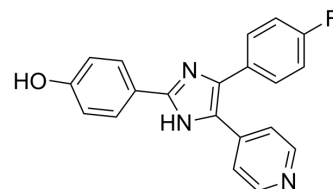


SB 202190

Cat. No.:	HY-10295		
CAS No.:	152121-30-7		
Molecular Formula:	C ₂₀ H ₁₄ FN ₃ O		
Molecular Weight:	331.34		
Target:	p38 MAPK; Autophagy; Apoptosis; Organoid		
Pathway:	MAPK/ERK Pathway; Autophagy; Apoptosis; Stem Cell/Wnt		
Storage:	Powder	-20°C	3 years
		4°C	2 years
	In solvent	-80°C	2 years
		-20°C	1 year



SOLVENT & SOLUBILITY

In Vitro	DMSO : 100 mg/mL (301.80 mM; Need ultrasonic)			
		Solvent Concentration	Mass	
			1 mg	5 mg
	Preparing Stock Solutions		10 mg	
	1 mM	3.0180 mL	15.0902 mL	30.1805 mL
	5 mM	0.6036 mL	3.0180 mL	6.0361 mL
	10 mM	0.3018 mL	1.5090 mL	3.0180 mL
Please refer to the solubility information to select the appropriate solvent.				
In Vivo	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 40% PEG300 >> 5% Tween-80 >> 45% saline Solubility: ≥ 2.08 mg/mL (6.28 mM); Clear solution Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% (20% SBE-β-CD in saline) Solubility: ≥ 2.08 mg/mL (6.28 mM); Clear solution Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% corn oil Solubility: ≥ 2.08 mg/mL (6.28 mM); Clear solution 			

BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

Description	SB 202190 is a selective p38 MAP kinase inhibitor with IC ₅₀ s of 50 nM and 100 nM for p38α and p38β2, respectively. SB 202190 binds to the ATP pocket of the active recombinant human p38 kinase with a K _d of 38 nM. SB 202190 has anti-cancer activity and rescued memory deficits ^{[1][2]} . SB202190 induces autophagy ^[3] .	
IC₅₀ & Target	p38α 50 nM (IC ₅₀)	p38β2 100 nM (IC ₅₀)

In Vitro	<p>SB 202190 (0-10 μM; 0-72 hours) attenuates growth of a subgroup of CRC cell lines such as RKO, CACO2 and SW480 in a dose- and time-dependent manner^[1].</p> <p>SB 202190 strongly inhibited colony formation and anchorage-independent growth (10 μM for 7–10 days) and elevated apoptotic cell death (10 μM for 72 h) in this same subset of CRC lines (RKO, CACO2 and SW480)^[2].</p> <p>In RKO, CACO2 and SW480 cells, SB202190 (10 μM; 2 hours) abrogates phosphorylation of S6K1(T389) and S6(S235/236), but not AKT(S473), indicating that p38i selectively blocks mTORC1 signaling^[2].</p> <p>MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.</p>								
In Vivo	<p>SB 202190 (5 mg/kg; intraperitoneal injection; daily for 10-12 days) shows inhibition of tumor cell survival and tumor growth [2].</p> <p>MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.</p> <table border="1"> <tr> <td>Animal Model:</td> <td>4-week-old female BALB/c nude mice (bearing SW480 and RKO xenograft tumors)^[2]</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Dosage:</td> <td>5 mg/kg</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Administration:</td> <td>Intraperitoneal injection; daily for 10-12 days</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Result:</td> <td>Inhibition of tumor cell survival and tumor growth.</td> </tr> </table>	Animal Model:	4-week-old female BALB/c nude mice (bearing SW480 and RKO xenograft tumors) ^[2]	Dosage:	5 mg/kg	Administration:	Intraperitoneal injection; daily for 10-12 days	Result:	Inhibition of tumor cell survival and tumor growth.
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Dosage:	5 mg/kg								
Administration:	Intraperitoneal injection; daily for 10-12 days								
Result:	Inhibition of tumor cell survival and tumor growth.								

CUSTOMER VALIDATION

- Cancer Cell. 2023 Jun 12;41(6):1103-1117.e12.
- Nat Methods. 2023 Nov 2.
- Cell Res. 2020 Jul;30(7):574-589.
- Mol Cancer. 2023 Jan 24;22(1):17.
- Immunity. 19 October 2022.

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REFERENCES

- [1]. Davies SP, et al. Specificity and mechanism of action of some commonly used protein kinase inhibitors. *Biochem J*. 2000 Oct 1;351(Pt 1):95-105.
- [2]. Nemoto S, et al. Induction of apoptosis by SB202190 through inhibition of p38beta mitogen-activated protein kinase. *J Biol Chem*. 1998 Jun 26;273(26):16415-20.
- [3]. Grossi V, et al. Bay 43-9006 inhibits p38 α activity in colorectal cancer cells and synergizes with the DFG-in inhibitor SB202190 to increase apoptotic response. *Cancer Biol Ther*. 2012 Dec;13(14):1471-81.
- [4]. Yang S, et al. Protective effects of p38 MAPK inhibitor SB202190 against hippocampal apoptosis and spatial learning and memory deficits in a rat model of vascular dementia. *Biomed Res Int*. 2013;2013:215798.
- [5]. Zhang Y, et al. PP2AC Level Determines Differential Programming of p38-TSC-mTOR Signaling and Therapeutic Response to p38-Targeted Therapy in Colorectal Cancer. *EBioMedicine*. 2015 Nov 19;2(12):1944-56.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

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