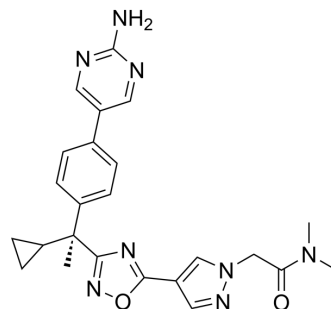


(S)-BI 665915

Cat. No.:	HY-12995A
CAS No.:	1360550-05-5
Molecular Formula:	C ₂₄ H ₂₆ N ₈ O ₂
Molecular Weight:	458.52
Target:	FLAP
Pathway:	Immunology/Inflammation
Storage:	Please store the product under the recommended conditions in the Certificate of Analysis.



BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

Description	(S)-BI 665915 is an orally active oxadiazole-containing 5-lipoxygenase-activating protein (FLAP) inhibitor with an IC ₅₀ of 1.7 nM for FLAP binding. (S)-BI 665915 inhibits FLAP functional in human whole blood with an IC ₅₀ of 45 nM. (S)-BI 665915 demonstrates an excellent cross-species agent metabolism and pharmacokinetics (DMPK) profile and a dose-dependent inhibition of LTB ₄ production ^[1] .												
IC₅₀ & Target	IC ₅₀ : 1.7 nM (FLAP) and 45 nM (FLAP functional in human whole blood) ^[1]												
In Vitro	<p>(S)-BI 665915 shows significantly weaker activity in mouse whole blood (mWB) assay than in human whole blood (mWB IC₅₀ = 4800 nM; hWB IC₅₀ = 45 nM)^[1].</p> <p>(S)-BI 665915 shows a modest human hepatocyte clearance (41% percent of hepatic blood flow) and relatively high plasma protein binding (unbound fraction of 4.7%)^[1].</p> <p>MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.</p>												
In Vivo	<p>(S)-BI 665915 (oral; 1-100 mg/kg) demonstrates dose-dependent LTB₄ production inhibition in mouse whole blood, 2 h after single oral dose^[1].</p> <p>(S)-BI 665915 (iv of 1 mg/kg or po of 10 mg/kg) shows low iv plasma clearance in all three species, with clearance values of 7 % Qh in rat, 2.8 % Qh in dog, and 3.6 % Qh in cynomolgus monkey, respectively. The volume of distribution (V_{ss}) across species tested is in a range of 0.5 to 1.2 L/kg, and the bioavailability was good (45 to 63 %) in all species tested^[1].</p> <p>MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.</p> <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td style="width: 30%;">Animal Model:</td> <td>C57BL/6 mice^[1]</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Dosage:</td> <td>1, 3, 10, 30, 100 mg/kg (Pharmacokinetic Analysis)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Administration:</td> <td>Oral</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Result:</td> <td>Demonstrated dose-dependent LTB₄ production inhibition in mouse whole blood, 2 h after single oral dose.</td> </tr> </table> <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td style="width: 30%;">Animal Model:</td> <td>Rat; dog; cynomolgus monkey^[1]</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Dosage:</td> <td>1 mg/kg (iv) or 10 mg/kg (po)</td> </tr> </table>	Animal Model:	C57BL/6 mice ^[1]	Dosage:	1, 3, 10, 30, 100 mg/kg (Pharmacokinetic Analysis)	Administration:	Oral	Result:	Demonstrated dose-dependent LTB ₄ production inhibition in mouse whole blood, 2 h after single oral dose.	Animal Model:	Rat; dog; cynomolgus monkey ^[1]	Dosage:	1 mg/kg (iv) or 10 mg/kg (po)
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Administration:	Iv or po
Result:	Showed low iv plasma clearance in all three species, with clearance values of 7 % Qh in rat, 2.8 % Qh in dog, and 3.6 % Qh in cynomolgus monkey, respectively.

REFERENCES

[1]. Takahashi H, et al. Synthesis, SAR, and series evolution of novel oxadiazole-containing 5-lipoxygenase activating protein inhibitors: discovery of 2-[4-(3-((r)-1-[4-(2-amino-pyrimidin-5-yl)-phenyl]-1-cyclopropyl-ethyl)-[1,2,4]oxadiazol-5-yl)-pyrazol-1-yl]-N,N-dimethyl-acetamide (BI 665915). J Med Chem. 2015 Feb 26;58(4):1669-90.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

Tel: 609-228-6898

Fax: 609-228-5909

E-mail: tech@MedChemExpress.com

Address: 1 Deer Park Dr, Suite Q, Monmouth Junction, NJ 08852, USA