Rilmenidine phosphate

MedChemExpress

Cat. No.:	HY-100490B	
CAS No.:	85409-38-7	
Molecular Formula:	C ₁₀ H ₁₉ N ₂ O ₅ P	
Molecular Weight:	278.24	
Target:	Imidazoline Receptor; Adrenergic Receptor; Apoptosis; Autophagy	
Pathway:	Neuronal Signaling; GPCR/G Protein; Apoptosis; Autophagy	
Storage:	4°C, sealed storage, away from moisture	
	* In solvent : -80°C, 6 months; -20°C, 1 month (sealed storage, away from moisture)	

SOLVENT & SOLUBILITY

H ₂ O : 83.33 mg/mL (299.49 mM; Need ultrasonic) DMSO : 5 mg/mL (17.97 mM; ultrasonic and warming and heat to 80°C)						
Preparing Stock Solutions	Solvent Mass Concentration	1 mg	5 mg	10 mg		
	1 mM	3.5940 mL	17.9701 mL	35.9402 mL		
	5 mM	0.7188 mL	3.5940 mL	7.1880 mL		
	10 mM	0.3594 mL	1.7970 mL	3.5940 mL		
	Stock Solutions	Solvent Concentration Preparing 1 mM Stock Solutions 5 mM 10 mM	Solvent 1 mg Concentration 1 mM Preparing 1 mM Stock Solutions 5 mM 0.7188 mL	Solvent 1 mg 5 mg Preparing Stock Solutions 1 mM 3.5940 mL 17.9701 mL 5 mM 0.7188 mL 3.5940 mL 1.7970 mL 10 mM 0.3594 mL 1.7970 mL		

Please refer to the solubility information to select the appropriate solvent.

Description	Rilmenidine phosphate, an innovative antihypertensive agent, is an orally active, selective I1 imidazoline receptor agonist. Rilmenidine phosphate is an alpha 2-adrenoceptor agonist. Rilmenidine phosphate induces autophagy. Rilmenidine phosphate acts both centrally by reducing sympathetic overactivity and in the kidney by inhibiting the Na ⁺ /H ⁺ antiport. Rilmenidine phosphate modulates proliferation and stimulates the proapoptotic protein Bax thus inducing the perturbation of the mitochondrial pathway and apoptosis in human leukemic K562 cells ^{[1][2][3]} .			
In Vitro	and angiotensin-conve Rilmenidine phosphat MCE has not independ	Rilmenidine provides antihypertensive efficacy comparable with that of diuretics, beta-blockers, calcium channel blockers, and angiotensin-converting enzyme (ACE) inhibitors ^[1] . Rilmenidine phosphate (25-100 μM; 24 hours) inhibits K562 cell proliferation ^[2] . MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only. Cell Proliferation Assay ^[2]		
	Cell Line:	K562 cells		
	Concentration:	25, 50, 100 μΜ		

Product Data Sheet

N H

Fi O HO-P-OH OH

	Incubation Time:	24 hours	
	Result:	Dose-dependently inhibited K562 colony formation.	
In Vivo	Rilmenidine phosphate-treated N171-82Q mice (i.p.; 4-times a week) displays significant improved forelimb grip strength and all limbs grip strength from 12 to 22 weeks of age ^[3] . Rilmenidine phosphate decreases levels of mutant huntingtin ^[3] . MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.		

REFERENCES

[1]. Reid JL. Rilmenidine: a clinical overview. Am J Hypertens. 2000;13(6 Pt 2):106S-111S.

[2]. Srdic-Rajic T, et al. Rilmenidine suppresses proliferation and promotes apoptosis via the mitochondrial pathway in human leukemic K562 cells. Eur J Pharm Sci. 2016;81:172-180.

[3]. Rose C, et al. Rilmenidine attenuates toxicity of polyglutamine expansions in a mouse model of Huntington's disease. Hum Mol Genet. 2010;19(11):2144-2153.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.