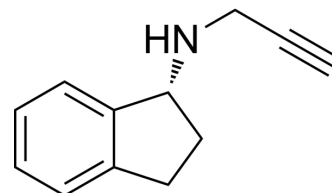


Rasagiline

Cat. No.:	HY-14605A	
CAS No.:	136236-51-6	
Molecular Formula:	C ₁₂ H ₁₃ N	
Molecular Weight:	171.24	
Target:	Monoamine Oxidase	
Pathway:	Neuronal Signaling	
Storage:	Pure form	-20°C 3 years
		4°C 2 years
	In solvent	-80°C 6 months
		-20°C 1 month



SOLVENT & SOLUBILITY

In Vitro

DMSO : 100 mg/mL (583.98 mM; Need ultrasonic)
 H₂O : ≥ 5.88 mg/mL (34.34 mM)
 * "≥" means soluble, but saturation unknown.

Preparing Stock Solutions	Solvent Concentration	Mass		
		1 mg	5 mg	10 mg
	1 mM	5.8398 mL	29.1988 mL	58.3976 mL
	5 mM	1.1680 mL	5.8398 mL	11.6795 mL
	10 mM	0.5840 mL	2.9199 mL	5.8398 mL

Please refer to the solubility information to select the appropriate solvent.

In Vivo

- Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 40% PEG300 >> 5% Tween-80 >> 45% saline
Solubility: ≥ 2.5 mg/mL (14.60 mM); Clear solution
- Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% (20% SBE-β-CD in saline)
Solubility: ≥ 2.5 mg/mL (14.60 mM); Clear solution
- Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% corn oil
Solubility: ≥ 2.5 mg/mL (14.60 mM); Clear solution

BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

Description

Rasagiline (R-AGN1135) is a highly potent selective irreversible mitochondrial monoamine oxidase (MAO) inhibitor with IC₅₀s of 4.43 nM and 412 nM for rat brain MAO B and A activity, respectively^[1]. Rasagiline is a click chemistry reagent, it contains an Alkyne group and can undergo copper-catalyzed azide-alkyne cycloaddition (CuAAC) with molecules containing Azide groups.

IC₅₀ & Target	rMAO-B 4.43 nM (IC ₅₀)	rMAO-A 412 nM (IC ₅₀)
In Vitro	Rasagiline (0.25 nM; 96 hours) significantly increases the proliferation rates of SH-SY5Y and 1242-MG upon Dexamethasone (10 μM) treatment ^[2] . MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only. Cell Proliferation Assay ^[2]	
	Cell Line:	Neuroblastoma SH-SY5Y, and glioblastoma 1242-MG
	Concentration:	0.25 nM
	Incubation Time:	96 hours
	Result:	Caused ~60% increase in the cell proliferation rate for SH-SY5Y cells treated with Dexamethasone. Caused ~35% increase in cell proliferation rate for 1242-MG cells treated with Dexamethasone.
In Vivo	Rasagiline is neuroprotective in a transgenic model of multiple system atrophy. Motor behavioural tests show improvements in motor deficits associated with 2.5 mg/kg Rasagiline therapy ^[3] . MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.	
	Animal Model:	(PLP)-α-synuclein transgenic mice over 6 months of age ^[3]
	Dosage:	Low-(0.8 mg/kg b.w.) and high dose (2.5 mg/kg b. w.)
	Administration:	Administered subcutaneously every 24 h for a total period of 4 weeks (from day 1 till day 28 of the experiment).
	Result:	Low dose treatment did not show protective efficacy in striatum with number of neurons similar to placebo treated MSA mice. High dose was associated with about 15% rescue of DARPP-32 immunoreactive striatal neurons. Low dose treatment had no effect on nigral neuronal loss, but high dose completely protected nigral neurons with numbers comparable to healthy controls.

CUSTOMER VALIDATION

- Eur J Med Chem. 2023 Apr 28;255:115417.
- Front Cell Neurosci. 2018 Sep 11;12:309.
- Bioorg Chem. 2023 Jun 3, 106654.
- Oncotarget. 2018 Jan 30;9(15):12137-12153.

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REFERENCES

[1]. M B Youdim, et al. Rasagiline [N-propargyl-1R(+)-aminoindan], a selective and potent inhibitor of mitochondrial monoamine oxidase B. Br J Pharmacol. 2001 Jan;132(2):500-6.

[2]. Shawna Tazik, et al. Comparative neuroprotective effects of Rasagiline and aminoindan with selegiline on dexamethasone-induced brain cell apoptosis. Neurotox Res.

2009 Apr;15(3):284-90.

[3]. Nadia Stefanova, et al. Rasagiline is neuroprotective in a transgenic model of multiple system atrophy. Exp Neurol. 2008 Apr;210(2):421-7.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

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