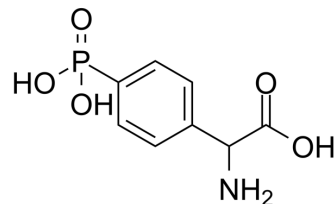


## (RS)-PPG

<b>Cat. No.:</b>	HY-107514		
<b>CAS No.:</b>	120667-15-4		
<b>Molecular Formula:</b>	C <sub>8</sub> H <sub>10</sub> NO <sub>3</sub> P		
<b>Molecular Weight:</b>	231.14		
<b>Target:</b>	mGluR		
<b>Pathway:</b>	GPCR/G Protein; Neuronal Signaling		
<b>Storage:</b>	Powder	-20°C	3 years
		4°C	2 years
	In solvent	-80°C	6 months
		-20°C	1 month



## BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

<b>Description</b>	(RS)-PPG is a potent and selective agonist for group III mGluRs. The EC <sub>50</sub> s of 5.2 μM, 4.7 μM, 185 μM, and 0.2 μM for hmGluR4a, hmGluR6, hmGluR7b, and hmGluR8a, respectively. Anticonvulsive and neuroprotective activity <sup>[1]</sup> .			
<b>IC<sub>50</sub> &amp; Target</b>	hmGluR8a 0.2 μM (EC50)	hmGluR6 4.7 μM (EC50)	hmGluR4a 5.2 μM (EC50)	hmGluR7b 185 μM (EC50)
<b>In Vitro</b>	Activation of group III mGluRs by treatment of neurons with (R,S)-PPG (100 μM) can significantly suppress the elevation of intracellular calcium and protect neurons from apoptosis induced by Aβ[31-35] (25 μM) <sup>[2]</sup> . MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.			

## REFERENCES

[1]. Gasparini F, et al. (R,S)-4-phosphonophenylglycine, a potent and selective group III metabotropic glutamate receptor agonist, is anticonvulsive and neuroprotective in vivo. *J Pharmacol Exp Ther.* 1999 Jun;289(3):1678-87.

[2]. Zhao L, et al. Activation of group III metabotropic glutamate receptor reduces intracellular calcium in beta-amyloid peptide [31-35]-treated cortical neurons. *Neurotox Res.* 2009 Aug;16(2):174-83.

**Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.**

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