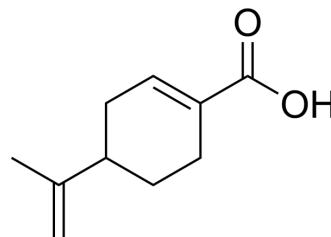


Perillic acid

Cat. No.:	HY-113471
CAS No.:	7694-45-3
Molecular Formula:	C ₁₀ H ₁₄ O ₂
Molecular Weight:	166.22
Target:	Apoptosis; HSV
Pathway:	Apoptosis; Anti-infection
Storage:	Please store the product under the recommended conditions in the Certificate of Analysis.



BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

Description	Perillic acid is the metabolite of Perillyl alcohol (HY-N7000). Perillic acid induces lung cancer cell cycle arrest and apoptosis. Perillic acid shows anti-HSV-1 and immunomodulatory activities ^{[1][2][3]} .																		
IC₅₀ & Target	HSV-1																		
In Vitro	<p>Perillic acid (1-5 mM; 24 h) decreases A549 cells survival in a dose-dependent manner^[1].</p> <p>Perillic acid (1 mM; 24 h) induces S-phase arrest in A549 cells and induces G2/M arrest in H520 cells^[1].</p> <p>Perillic acid (2 mM; 24 h) induces A549 and H520 cells apoptosis^[1].</p> <p>Perillic acid (0-50 μM; 24 h) shows potential antiviral activity primarily against the 17syn+ HSV-1 strain (EC₅₀ KOS: 2.84 μM; 17 syn+: 1.08 μM)^[2].</p> <p>MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.</p> <p>Cell Cytotoxicity Assay^[1]</p> <table border="1"> <tr> <td>Cell Line:</td> <td>A549 cells</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Concentration:</td> <td>1, 2, 3, 4 and 5 mM</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Incubation Time:</td> <td>24 h</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Result:</td> <td>Resulted in decreased survival in a dose-dependent manner with an IC₅₀ of 3.6 mM.</td> </tr> </table> <p>Cell Cycle Analysis^[1]</p> <table border="1"> <tr> <td>Cell Line:</td> <td>A549 and H520 cells</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Concentration:</td> <td>1 mM</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Incubation Time:</td> <td>24 h</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Result:</td> <td>Induced S-phase arrest in A549 cells and induced G2/M arrest in H520 cells.</td> </tr> </table> <p>Apoptosis Analysis^[1]</p> <table border="1"> <tr> <td>Cell Line:</td> <td>A549 and H520 cells</td> </tr> </table>	Cell Line:	A549 cells	Concentration:	1, 2, 3, 4 and 5 mM	Incubation Time:	24 h	Result:	Resulted in decreased survival in a dose-dependent manner with an IC ₅₀ of 3.6 mM.	Cell Line:	A549 and H520 cells	Concentration:	1 mM	Incubation Time:	24 h	Result:	Induced S-phase arrest in A549 cells and induced G2/M arrest in H520 cells.	Cell Line:	A549 and H520 cells
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	Concentration:	2 mM
	Incubation Time:	24 h
	Result:	Increased apoptosis to 27% in A549 and to 18% in H520 cells compared to control (12%).
	Western Blot Analysis ^[1]	
	Cell Line:	H520 cells
	Concentration:	0.5 mM
	Incubation Time:	24 h
Result:	Increased Bax expression and decreased procaspase-3 levels.	
In Vivo	Perillic acid (50 µM/kg; i.p.; daily for 5 days) shows immunomodulatory activity in mice ^[3] . MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.	
	Animal Model:	Balb/c mice ^[3]
	Dosage:	50 µM/kg
	Administration:	Intraperitoneal injection, daily for 5 days
	Result:	Increased the total white blood cells (WBC) count. Increased the total antibody production, antibody producing cells in spleen, bone marrow cellularity and α-esterase positive cells significantly compared to the normal animals.

REFERENCES

[1]. Yeruva L, et al. Perillyl alcohol and perillic acid induced cell cycle arrest and apoptosis in non small cell lung cancer cells. *Cancer Lett.* 2007 Nov 18;257(2):216-26.

[2]. Mello CP, et al. Perillyl alcohol and perillic acid exert efficient action upon HSV-1 maturation and release of infective virus. *Antivir Ther.* 2020;25(1):1-11.

[3]. Raphael TJ, et al. Immunomodulatory activity of naturally occurring monoterpenes carvone, limonene, and perillic acid. *Immunopharmacol Immunotoxicol.* 2003 May;25(2):285-94.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

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