Pavinetant

Cat. No.:	HY-14432		
CAS No.:	941690-55-7	,	
Molecular Formula:	C ₂₆ H ₂₅ N ₃ O ₃ S		
Molecular Weight:	459.56		
Target:	Neurokinin Receptor		
Pathway:	GPCR/G Protein; Neuronal Signaling		
Storage:	Powder	-20°C	3 years
		4°C	2 years
	In solvent	-80°C	2 years
		-20°C	1 year

SOLVENT & SOLUBILITY

In Vitro	DMSO : ≥ 50 mg/mL (108.80 mM) * "≥" means soluble, but saturation unknown.						
	Preparing Stock Solutions	Solvent Mass Concentration	1 mg	5 mg	10 mg		
		1 mM	2.1760 mL	10.8800 mL	21.7599 mL		
		5 mM	0.4352 mL	2.1760 mL	4.3520 mL		
	10 mM	0.2176 mL	1.0880 mL	2.1760 mL			
	Please refer to the solubility information to select the appropriate solvent.						
In Vivo	1. Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 40% PEG300 >> 5% Tween-80 >> 45% saline Solubility: ≥ 3 mg/mL (6.53 mM); Clear solution						
	 Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% corn oil Solubility: ≥ 3 mg/mL (6.53 mM); Clear solution 						

DIOLOGICAL ACTIVI				
Description	Pavinetant (MLE-4901) is a neurokinin-3 receptor (NK3R) antagonist.			
IC ₅₀ & Target	$NK3R^{[1]}$			
In Vitro	Pavinetant (AZD2624) is a potent and selective NK3 receptor antagonist which is developed for the treatment of schizophrenia. Pavinetant exhibits an inhibitory effect on microsomal CYP3A4/5 activities with apparent IC ₅₀ values of 7.1 and 19.8 μM for midazolam and testosterone assays, respectively. No time-dependent inactivation of CYP3A4/5 activity by Pavinetant is observed. Pavinetant demonstrates weak to no inhibition of CYP1A2, CYP2B6, CYP2C8, CYP2C9, CYP2C19, and CYP2D6 ^[1] .			

Product Data Sheet





MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

PROTOCOL

Kinase Assay ^[1]	The potential of Pavinetant (AZD2624) to cause time-dependent inhibition of CYP3A activities is evaluated by pre-incubating 10 µM of Pavinetant at 37°C for 0, 3, 10, 20, and 30 min in 0.1 M pH 7.4 phosphate buffer incubation mixture (0.2 mL)
	containing 2 mg/mL HLM and 1 mM NADPH. Verapamil, tested at 10 μM, is also incubated separately as a positivecontrol. An
	aliquot of 20 μL is removed from pre-incubation tube at each time point and added to a secondary 5-min incubation(180 μL)
	containing 15 μM of midazolam and 1 mM of NADPH. The formation of 1′-hydroxymidazolam is used as the marker activity
	for CYP3A enzymes and analyzed using LC-MS. CYP3A enzyme activities after pre-incubation with Pavinetant arecompared
	to activities following incubation with vehicle solvent (1% methanol) and without pre-incubation $^{[1]}$.
	MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

REFERENCES

[1]. Li Y, et al. In vitro assessment of metabolic drug-drug interaction potential of AZD2624, neurokinin-3 receptor antagonist, through cytochrome P(450) enzyme identification, inhibition, and induction studies. Xenobiotica. 2010 Nov;40(11):721-9.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

 Tel: 609-228-6898
 Fax: 609-228-5909
 E-mail: tech@MedChemExpress.com

 Address: 1 Deer Park Dr, Suite Q, Monmouth Junction, NJ 08852, USA