## Patamostat mesylate

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Cat. No.: CAS No.: Molecular Formula: Molecular Weight: Target: Pathway:	HY-114080A 114568-32-0 C <sub>21</sub> H <sub>24</sub> N <sub>4</sub> O <sub>7</sub> S <sub>2</sub> 508.57 Ser/Thr Protease Metabolic Enzyme/Protease	H <sub>2</sub> N H H <sub>2</sub> N H H <sub>2</sub> N H H
Pathway:	Metabolic Enzyme/Protease	—S-OH Ö
Storage:	Please store the product under the recommended conditions in the Certificate of Analysis.	

BIOLOGICAL ACTIV			
Description	Patamostat (E-3123) mesylate is a potent protease inhibitor. Patamostat mesylate potently inhibits trypsin, plasmin and thrombin with IC <sub>50</sub> s of 39 nM, 950 nM and 1.9 μM, respectively. Patamostat mesylate may possess suppressing effects on pathogenesis and development of acute pancreatitis <sup>[1][2]</sup> .		
IC <sub>50</sub> & Target	IC50: 39 nM (trypsin), 950 nM (plasmin) and 1.9 $\mu M$ (thrombin)^[1]		
In Vivo	Patamostat mesylate (intravenous infusion) at 0.03-0.3 mg/kg in rats or at 0.3-3.0 mg/kg in rabbits reduces mortality after the induction of pancreatitis in a dose-dependent manner <sup>[1]</sup> . Patamostat mesylate (1.0-3.0 mg/kg; intravenous infusion) reduces the increases of serum trypsin and lipase activities in dogs with pancreatitis <sup>[1]</sup> . Patamostat mesylate (2 mg/kg per h; continuous infusion) improves almost all parameters, including mortality rate, serum and ascitic fluid amylase levels, plasma endotoxin and serum FDP levels, and distribution of lysosomal enzyme in male Wistar rats <sup>[2]</sup> . MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.		
	Animal Model:	Male Wistar rats weighing about 350 g <sup>[2]</sup>	
	Dosage:	2 mg/kg	
	Administration:	Continuous infusion per h for 1 h	
	Result:	Significantly improved the survival rate.	

## REFERENCES

[1]. K Miyamoto, et al. [Effects of E-3123, a New Protease Inhibitor, on Several Protease Activities and on Experimental Acute Pancreatitis]. Nihon Yakurigaku Zasshi. 1988 May;91(5):285-93.

[2]. T Hirano, et al. Protective Effect of a Cephalosporin, Shiomarin, Plus a New Potent Protease Inhibitor, E3123, on Rat Taurocholate-Induced Pancreatitis. J Gastroenterol Hepatol. Jan-Feb 1993;8(1):52-9.

## Product Data Sheet

## Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

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