PYR-41

Cat. No.:	HY-13296		
CAS No.:	418805-02-4	1	
Molecular Formula:	C ₁₇ H ₁₃ N ₃ O ₇		
Molecular Weight:	371.3		
Target:	E1/E2/E3 Enzyme; Apoptosis		
Pathway:	Metabolic Enzyme/Protease; Apoptosis		
Storage:	Powder	-20°C	3 years
		4°C	2 years
	In solvent	-80°C	6 months
		-20°C	1 month

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SOLVENT & SOLUBILITY

		Solvent Mass Concentration	1 mg	5 mg	10 mg
Preparing Stock Solutions Please refer to the s		1 mM	2.6932 mL	13.4662 mL	26.9324 mL
		5 mM	0.5386 mL	2.6932 mL	5.3865 mL
		10 mM	0.2693 mL	1.3466 mL	2.6932 mL
	10 mM lubility information to select the app		1.3466 mL	2.0	

BIOLOGICAL ACTIV	
Description	PYR-41 is a selective and cell permeable inhibitor of ubiquitin-activating enzyme E1 with an IC ₅₀ of < 10 μM, with little activity at E2 and E3.
IC₅₀ & Target	IC50: < 10 μM (E1)
In Vitro	PYR-41 increases total sumoylation in cells in addition to blocking ubiquitylation. PYR-41 attenuates cytokine-mediated nuclear factor-κB activation. PYR-41 also prevents the downstream ubiquitylation and proteasomal degradation of IκBα. Furthermore, PYR-41 inhibits degradation of p53 and activates the transcriptional activity of this tumor suppressor ^[1] . PYR-41 (50 μM) promotes accumulation of ubiquitinated proteins. PYR-41 causes a concentration-dependent (10-50 μM) decline in DUB activity in Z138 cells after 4 h. PYR-41 potently inhibits USP5 DUB activity, even at the lowest concentration (10 μM). PYR-41 potently (10-50 μM) inhibits the activity of various DUBs, determined to represent USP9x, USP5, USP14, UCH37 and

Product Data Sheet

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UCH-L3. Co-treatment of Z138 cells with DTT and PYR-41 completely abolishes the accumulation of ubiquitinated proteins^[2]

MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

PROTOCOL	
Kinase Assay ^[1]	Rabbit or mouse E1 (apper 250 ng) is incubated with ³² P-ubiquitin in 1× reaction buffer [50 mM Tris (pH 7.4), 0.2 mM ATP, 0.5 mM MgCl ₂] at room temperature for 15 min. In some experiments, the His-tagged mouse E1 is bound to TALON cobalt affinity resin before carrying out incubations and reactions. Mouse E1 and ³² P-ubiquitin are added to the beads in 1× reaction buffer and incubated as for E1 reactions. Samples are heated in nonreducing SDS-PAGE sample buffer and resolved by SDS-PAGE. Thioesters with ubiquitin are visualized by Storm PhosphoImager. MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

CUSTOMER VALIDATION

- Nat Neurosci. 2023 Mar 27.
- Cell Death Differ. 2022 Sep 14.
- Cell Prolif. 2021 Jan;54(1):e12919.
- Mbio. 2020 Apr 14;11(2):e00467-20.
- Cells. 2022 Apr 8;11(8):1265.

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REFERENCES

[1]. Yang Y, et al. Inhibitors of ubiquitin-activating enzyme (E1), a new class of potential cancer therapeutics. Cancer Res. 2007 Oct 1;67(19):9472-81.

[2]. Kapuria V, et al. Protein cross-linking as a novel mechanism of action of a ubiquitin-activating enzyme inhibitor with anti-tumor activity. Biochem Pharmacol. 2011 Aug 15;82(4):341-9.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

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