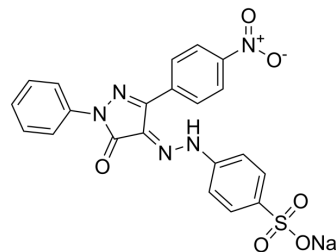


PHPS1 sodium

Cat. No.:	HY-125108
CAS No.:	1177131-02-0
Molecular Formula:	C ₂₁ H ₁₄ N ₅ NaO ₆ S
Molecular Weight:	487.42
Target:	Phosphatase; SHP2
Pathway:	Metabolic Enzyme/Protease; Protein Tyrosine Kinase/RTK
Storage:	4°C, sealed storage, away from moisture * In solvent : -80°C, 6 months; -20°C, 1 month (sealed storage, away from moisture)



BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

Description	PHPS1 sodium is a potent and selective Shp2 inhibitor with K _i s of 0.73, 5.8, 10.7, 5.8, and 0.47 μM for Shp2, Shp2-R362K, Shp1, PTP1B, and PTP1B-Q, respectively ^[1] .																
IC₅₀ & Target	Ki: 0.73 μM (Shp2), 5.8 μM (Shp2-R362K), 10.7 μM (Shp1), 5.8 μM (PTP1B), 0.47 μM (PTP1B-Q) ^[1]																
In Vitro	<p>PHPS1 (30 μM; 6 days) inhibits proliferation of human tumor cells^[1].</p> <p>PHPS1 (5-20 μM; 5-360 minutes) inhibits Erk1/2 but not Akt and Stat3 phosphorylation in a dose-dependent manner^[1]. MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.</p> <p>Cell Viability Assay^[1]</p> <table border="1"> <tr> <td>Cell Line:</td> <td>Human cancer cell lines MDA-MB-435, HCT-116 (colon carcinoma), HCT-15 (colon carcinoma), PC-3 (prostate carcinoma), HT-29 (colon carcinoma), NCI-H661 (lung carcinoma), and Caki-1 (kidney carcinoma)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Concentration:</td> <td>30 μM</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Incubation Time:</td> <td>6 days</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Result:</td> <td>Resulted in a reduction in cell number of between 0% (Caki-1) to 74% (HT-29).</td> </tr> </table> <p>Western Blot Analysis^[1]</p> <table border="1"> <tr> <td>Cell Line:</td> <td>Madin-Darby canine kidney (MDCK) cells</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Concentration:</td> <td>5, 10, 20 μM</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Incubation Time:</td> <td>5, 15, 60, 120, 360 minutes</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Result:</td> <td>Inhibited HGF/SF (1 unit/mL)-induced phosphorylation and thus activation of Erk1/2 over a time period of 15 min to 6 h. In contrast, transient phosphorylation of Erk1/2 after 5 min was not affected. Exhibited no effect on HGF/SF-induced activation of PI3K/Akt or Stat3.</td> </tr> </table>	Cell Line:	Human cancer cell lines MDA-MB-435, HCT-116 (colon carcinoma), HCT-15 (colon carcinoma), PC-3 (prostate carcinoma), HT-29 (colon carcinoma), NCI-H661 (lung carcinoma), and Caki-1 (kidney carcinoma)	Concentration:	30 μM	Incubation Time:	6 days	Result:	Resulted in a reduction in cell number of between 0% (Caki-1) to 74% (HT-29).	Cell Line:	Madin-Darby canine kidney (MDCK) cells	Concentration:	5, 10, 20 μM	Incubation Time:	5, 15, 60, 120, 360 minutes	Result:	Inhibited HGF/SF (1 unit/mL)-induced phosphorylation and thus activation of Erk1/2 over a time period of 15 min to 6 h. In contrast, transient phosphorylation of Erk1/2 after 5 min was not affected. Exhibited no effect on HGF/SF-induced activation of PI3K/Akt or Stat3.
Cell Line:	Human cancer cell lines MDA-MB-435, HCT-116 (colon carcinoma), HCT-15 (colon carcinoma), PC-3 (prostate carcinoma), HT-29 (colon carcinoma), NCI-H661 (lung carcinoma), and Caki-1 (kidney carcinoma)																
Concentration:	30 μM																
Incubation Time:	6 days																
Result:	Resulted in a reduction in cell number of between 0% (Caki-1) to 74% (HT-29).																
Cell Line:	Madin-Darby canine kidney (MDCK) cells																
Concentration:	5, 10, 20 μM																
Incubation Time:	5, 15, 60, 120, 360 minutes																
Result:	Inhibited HGF/SF (1 unit/mL)-induced phosphorylation and thus activation of Erk1/2 over a time period of 15 min to 6 h. In contrast, transient phosphorylation of Erk1/2 after 5 min was not affected. Exhibited no effect on HGF/SF-induced activation of PI3K/Akt or Stat3.																
In Vivo	PHPS1 (3 mg/kg; i.p. injection; every day during the last week on the high-fat diet) renders Ldlr ^{-/-} mice less susceptible to atherosclerosis development ^[2] .																

MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

Animal Model:	Ldlr ^{-/-} (005061) mice ^[2]
Dosage:	3 mg/kg
Administration:	Intraperitoneal (i.p.) injection; every day during the last week on the high-fat diet.
Result:	Revealed a significant decrease in atherosclerotic plaque size in the aorta compared with the other two groups.

REFERENCES

[1]. Klaus Hellmuth, et al. Specific Inhibitors of the Protein Tyrosine Phosphatase Shp2 Identified by High-Throughput Docking. Proc Natl Acad Sci U S A. 2008 May 20;105(20):7275-80.

[2]. Jia Chen, et al. SHP2 Inhibitor PHPS1 Protects Against Atherosclerosis by Inhibiting Smooth Muscle Cell Proliferation. BMC Cardiovasc Disord. 2018 Apr 27;18(1):72.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

Tel: 609-228-6898

Fax: 609-228-5909

E-mail: tech@MedChemExpress.com

Address: 1 Deer Park Dr, Suite Q, Monmouth Junction, NJ 08852, USA