PF-573228

Cat. No.:	HY-10461		
CAS No.:	869288-64-2	2	
Molecular Formula:	C ₂₂ H ₂₀ F ₃ N ₅ O	₃S	
Molecular Weight:	491.49		
Target:	FAK; Apoptosis		
Pathway:	Protein Tyrosine Kinase/RTK; Apoptosis		
Storage:	Powder	-20°C	3 years
		4°C	2 years
	In solvent	-80°C	2 years
		-20°C	1 vear

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SOLVENT & SOLUBILITY

In Vitro	DMSO : 25 mg/mL (50.87 mM; Need ultrasonic)						
Preparing Stock Solutions	Preparing Stock Solutions	Solvent Mass Concentration	1 mg	5 mg	10 mg		
		1 mM	2.0346 mL	10.1731 mL	20.3463 mL		
	5 mM	0.4069 mL	2.0346 mL	4.0693 mL			
		10 mM	0.2035 mL	1.0173 mL	2.0346 mL		
	Please refer to the sol	ubility information to select the app	propriate solvent.				
In Vivo	1. Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% (20% SBE-β-CD in saline) Solubility: 2.5 mg/mL (5.09 mM); Suspended solution; Need ultrasonic						
	2. Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 40% PEG300 >> 5% Tween-80 >> 45% saline Solubility: ≥ 2.08 mg/mL (4.23 mM); Clear solution						
	3. Add each solvent o Solubility: ≥ 2.08 n	one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% cor ng/mL (4.23 mM); Clear solution	n oil				

BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY				
Description	PF-573228 is a potent and selective FAK inhibitor with IC ₅₀ of 4 nM for purified recombinant catalytic fragment of FAK.			
IC ₅₀ & Target	IC50: 4 nM (FAK) ^[1]			
In Vitro	PF-573228 inhibits purified recombinant catalytic fragment of FAK with an IC ₅₀ value of 4 nM ^[1] . PF-573228 inhibits FAK phosphorylation on Tyr ₃₉₇ with an IC ₅₀ value of 30-100 nM ^[1] . PF-573228 significantly decreased FAK Tyr ₃₉₇ phosphorylation ^[1] .			

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`N´ H PF-573228 inhibits both chemotactic and haptotactic migration concomitant with the inhibition of focal adhesion turnover ^[1].

MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

PROTOCOL	·
TROTOCOL	,
Kinase Assay ^[1]	Purified activated FAK kinase domain is reacted with 50 μM ATP, and 10 μg/well of a random peptide polymer of Glu and Tyr (molar ratio of 4:1), poly (Glu/Tyr) in kinase buffer for 15 min. Phosphorylation of poly(Glu/Tyr) is challenged with s MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.
Cell Assay ^[1]	REF52 or PC3 cells are seeded into a 24-well plate in triplicate 24 h prior to daily treatment with the indicated concentrations of each inhibitor (PF-573228) for 3 days. Subsequently, the cells are harvested and counted. Apoptosis assays are performed using a cell death detection ELISA. REF52, PC3 or MDCKcells are treated for 24 h (16 h for MDCK) with the indicated concentrations of each inhibitor prior to lysis. Cells suspended for 16-24 h in serum-free medium served as a positive control. The cell lysates are incubated in duplicate in the ELISA system. The data represent the means±standard deviation of one of three experiments performed in duplicate ^[1] . MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

CUSTOMER VALIDATION

- Signal Transduct Target Ther. 2022 Aug 31;7(1):290.
- Adv Sci (Weinh). 2020 Jun 17;7(15):1903583.
- Biomaterials. 2018 Oct 15;188:130-143.
- Biomaterials. 2018 Sep;178:281-292.
- Sci Adv. 2022 Nov 16;8(46):eabo1673.

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REFERENCES

[1]. Slack-Davis JK, et al. Cellular characterization of a novel focal adhesion kinase inhibitor. J Biol Chem. 2007 May 18;282(20):14845-52.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

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