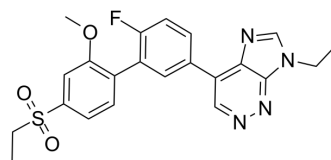


PF-06372865

Cat. No.:	HY-120874
CAS No.:	1614245-70-3
Molecular Formula:	C ₂₂ H ₂₁ FN ₄ O ₃ S
Molecular Weight:	440.49
Target:	GABA Receptor
Pathway:	Membrane Transporter/Ion Channel; Neuronal Signaling
Storage:	4°C, protect from light * In solvent : -80°C, 6 months; -20°C, 1 month (protect from light)



SOLVENT & SOLUBILITY

In Vitro	DMSO : 50 mg/mL (113.51 mM; Need ultrasonic)						
	Preparing Stock Solutions	Solvent Concentration	Mass	1 mg	5 mg	10 mg	
				1 mM	2.2702 mL	11.3510 mL	22.7020 mL
				5 mM	0.4540 mL	2.2702 mL	4.5404 mL
				10 mM	0.2270 mL	1.1351 mL	2.2702 mL
Please refer to the solubility information to select the appropriate solvent.							
In Vivo	1. Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 40% PEG300 >> 5% Tween-80 >> 45% saline Solubility: ≥ 2.5 mg/mL (5.68 mM); Clear solution						
	2. Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% (20% SBE-β-CD in saline) Solubility: ≥ 2.5 mg/mL (5.68 mM); Clear solution						
	3. Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% corn oil Solubility: ≥ 2.5 mg/mL (5.68 mM); Clear solution						

BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

Description	PF-06372865 is an orally active, α ₂ /α ₃ /α ₅ subtype-selective GABA _A positive allosteric modulator (PAM). PF-06372865 is a high affinity ligand at GABA _A receptors containing α ₁ /α ₂ /α ₃ /α ₅ subunits (K _i s of 2.9 nM, 21 nM, 134 nM for α ₂ , α ₁ PAM, α ₂ PAM, respectively), with low affinity for α ₄ /α ₆ subunits. PF-06372865 can cross the blood-brain barrier (BBB). PF-06372865 has anxiolytic activity and has the potential for epilepsy ^[1] .
IC ₅₀ & Target	K _i : 2.9 nM (α ₂), 21 nM (α ₁ PAM) and 134 nM (α ₂ PAM) ^[1]
In Vitro	PF-06372865 (compound 34) has K _i values of 0.18 nM, 2.9 nM, 1.1 nM, 18 nM for human GABA _A α ₁ β ₃ γ ₂ , α ₂ β ₂ γ ₂ , α ₃ β ₃ γ ₂ , α ₅ β ₂ γ ₂ and 0.34 nM, 4.58 nM for rat GABA _A α ₁ β ₃ γ ₂ , α ₂ β ₂ γ ₂ ^[1] .

MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

In Vivo

PF-06372865 (compound 34; 3, 10 mg/kg; orally; single dose) significantly increases the paw withdrawal threshold (PWT) in chronic constriction injury (CCI) animals^[1].

PF-06372865 (0.3, 3, 10 mg/kg for mouse and 1, 3, 10 mg/kg for rat; orally) exhibits efficacy in two models of epilepsy, PTZ induced seizures (mouse), and amygdala kindling (rat)^[1].

PF-06372865 (0.1, 0.32, 1, 3.2 and 10 mg/kg; orally) has anxiolytic activity at 3.2 and 10 mg/kg in elevated plus maze (male C57Bl/6 mice)^[1].

PF-06372865 has a $T_{1/2}$ of 1.1 hours, a Cl_p of 22 mL/min/kg, and a V_{ss} of 2.1 L/kg for rats^[1].

PF-06372865 has a $T_{1/2}$ of 0.9 hours, a Cl_p of 29 mL/min/kg, and a V_{ss} of 3.4 L/kg for dogs^[1].

MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

Animal Model:	Chronic constriction injury (CCI) model (male Wistar rats) ^[1]
Dosage:	3, 10 mg/kg
Administration:	Orally
Result:	Significantly increased paw withdrawal latency.

REFERENCES

[1]. Owen RM, et al. Design and Identification of a Novel, Functionally Subtype Selective GABAA Positive Allosteric Modulator (PF-06372865). J Med Chem. 2019 Jun 27;62(12):5773-5796.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

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