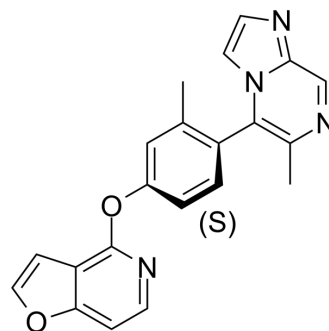


## PF-06256142

<b>Cat. No.:</b>	HY-119943		
<b>CAS No.:</b>	1609583-14-3		
<b>Molecular Formula:</b>	C <sub>21</sub> H <sub>16</sub> N <sub>4</sub> O <sub>2</sub>		
<b>Molecular Weight:</b>	356.38		
<b>Target:</b>	Dopamine Receptor		
<b>Pathway:</b>	GPCR/G Protein; Neuronal Signaling		
<b>Storage:</b>	Powder	-20°C	3 years
		4°C	2 years
	In solvent	-80°C	6 months
		-20°C	1 month



### SOLVENT & SOLUBILITY

<b>In Vitro</b>	DMSO : 200 mg/mL (561.20 mM; Need ultrasonic)				
		Solvent Concentration	Mass 1 mg	5 mg	10 mg
	<b>Preparing Stock Solutions</b>	1 mM	2.8060 mL	14.0300 mL	28.0599 mL
		5 mM	0.5612 mL	2.8060 mL	5.6120 mL
10 mM		0.2806 mL	1.4030 mL	2.8060 mL	
Please refer to the solubility information to select the appropriate solvent.					
<b>In Vivo</b>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO &gt;&gt; 40% PEG300 &gt;&gt; 5% Tween-80 &gt;&gt; 45% saline Solubility: ≥ 5 mg/mL (14.03 mM); Clear solution</li> <li>Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO &gt;&gt; 90% (20% SBE-β-CD in saline) Solubility: ≥ 5 mg/mL (14.03 mM); Clear solution</li> <li>Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO &gt;&gt; 90% corn oil Solubility: ≥ 5 mg/mL (14.03 mM); Clear solution</li> </ol>				

### BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

<b>Description</b>	PF-06256142 is a potent, selective, CNS-penetrant and orally active agonist of the D1 receptor, with an EC <sub>50</sub> and K <sub>i</sub> of 33 nM and 12 nM, respectively. PF-06256142 has the potential for the research of schizophrenia and Parkinson's disease <sup>[1]</sup> .
<b>IC<sub>50</sub> &amp; Target</b>	Human D <sub>1</sub> Receptor 33 nM (EC50)
<b>In Vitro</b>	PF-06256142 exhibits IC <sub>50</sub> values of <5 μM as an antagonist at the following 4 targets: M <sub>1</sub> (4.9 μM); CB1 (2.1 μM); H <sub>1</sub> (4.6 μM);

Nav 1.5 (1.1  $\mu\text{M}$ )<sup>[1]</sup>.  
PF-06256142 has an  $\text{IC}_{50}$  of approximately 12  $\mu\text{M}$  for hERG<sup>[1]</sup>.  
PF-06256142 shows a  $K_i$  of 4.8 nM for D5 exquisitely selective than D2 ( $K_i > 10 \mu\text{M}$ )<sup>[1]</sup>.  
MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

#### In Vivo

PF-06256142 exhibits high oral bioavailability (rat 85%) following oral administration (rat 5 mg/kg)<sup>[1]</sup>.  
PF-06256142 exhibits terminal elimination half-life (rat 2.3 h) following intravenous administration (rat 5.0 mg/kg)<sup>[1]</sup>.  
MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

Animal Model:	Rat <sup>[1]</sup>
Dosage:	5.0 mg/kg for i.v.; 5 mg/kg for oral (Pharmacokinetic Analysis)
Administration:	Intravenous injection and oral administration
Result:	Oral bioavailability (85%), $T_{1/2}$ (2.3 h).

## REFERENCES

[1]. Davoren JE, et al. Discovery and Lead Optimization of Atropisomer D1 Agonists with Reduced Desensitization. J Med Chem. 2018 Nov 15.

**Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.**

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