Proteins

Product Data Sheet

PBI-6DNJ

Cat. No.: HY-150723 Molecular Formula: $C_{120}H_{146}N_{26}O_{36}$

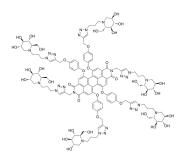
Molecular Weight: 2528.6

Target: Glucosidase

Pathway: Metabolic Enzyme/Protease

Storage: Please store the product under the recommended conditions in the Certificate of

Analysis.



BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

Description PBI-6DNJ is an orally active and potent multivalent glycosidase inhibitor. PBI-6DNJ exhibits good inhibition activity against α -glucosidase from mice, with a K_i of 0.14 μ M. PBI-6DNJ exhibits good hypoglycemic activity. PBI-6DNJ can be used for type 2 diabetes research^[1].

IC₅₀ & Target Ki: $0.02 \pm 0.002 \,\mu\text{M}$ (α -glucosidase from rice), $0.08 \pm 0.03 \,\mu\text{M}$ (α -mannosidase from jack bean), $0.14 \pm 0.007 \,\mu\text{M}$ (α -glucosidase from mice), $18.88 \pm 0.30 \,\mu\text{M}$ (α -glucosidase from aspergilcus niger)^[1]

In Vivo PBI-6DNJ (0-2 mg/kg, Orally, once) reduces postprandial blood glucose (PBG) levels^[1].

PBI-6DNJ (2.0 mg/kg, Orally, daily for 7 day) has good biocompatibility and no damage to mice^[1].

MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

Animal Model:	C57BL-6J mice (twenty-eight, 4-5 weeks old, 18-20 g) ^[1]
Dosage:	0.5, 1.0 and 2.0 mg/kg
Administration:	Orally, once
Result:	Reduced postprandial blood glucose (PBG) level, resulting in 24.41 \pm 3.02%, 34.65 \pm 9.66%, and 37.77 \pm 4.35% of decreases in PBG levels at the doses of 0.5, 1.0 and 2.0 mg/kg, respectively.

Animal Model:	C57BL-6J mice (twenty-eight, 4-5 weeks old, 18-20 g) $^{[1]}$
Dosage:	2.0 mg/kg
Administration:	Orally, daily for 7 day
Result:	Resulted in increase of the level of UREA ($8.63\pm0.59~\text{mmol/L}$) and decrease of the level of UA level ($242.06\pm14.77~\mu\text{mol/L}$). No obvious differences in the levels of UREA and UA were observed. Showed a slight decrease of 0.30 mmol/L in the level of LDL. The AST level of PBI-6DNJ group ($269.71\pm39.77~\text{U/L}$) was higher than that of the control group ($221.38\pm23.03~\text{U/L}$), and the ALT level ($59.14\pm7.13~\text{U/L}$) was lower than that of the control group ($70.49\pm8.78\text{U/L}$).

REFERENCES					
1]. Jian-XingYang, et al. Multiv lovember 5, 241(3):114621.	ralent glucosidase inhibitors	based on perylene bisimide and	l iminosugar conjugates. Europea	n Journal of Medicinal Chemistry. 202	2
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