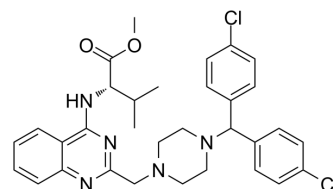


## P53R3

<b>Cat. No.:</b>	HY-122578
<b>CAS No.:</b>	922150-12-7
<b>Molecular Formula:</b>	C <sub>32</sub> H <sub>35</sub> Cl <sub>2</sub> N <sub>5</sub> O <sub>2</sub>
<b>Molecular Weight:</b>	592.56
<b>Target:</b>	MDM-2/p53
<b>Pathway:</b>	Apoptosis
<b>Storage:</b>	4°C, stored under nitrogen * In solvent : -80°C, 6 months; -20°C, 1 month (stored under nitrogen)



### SOLVENT & SOLUBILITY

#### In Vitro

DMSO : ≥ 100 mg/mL (168.76 mM)  
\* "≥" means soluble, but saturation unknown.

Preparing Stock Solutions	Solvent Concentration	Mass		
		1 mg	5 mg	10 mg
	1 mM	1.6876 mL	8.4380 mL	16.8759 mL
	5 mM	0.3375 mL	1.6876 mL	3.3752 mL
	10 mM	0.1688 mL	0.8438 mL	1.6876 mL

Please refer to the solubility information to select the appropriate solvent.

### BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

#### Description

P53R3 is a potent p53 reactivator and restores sequence-specific DNA binding of p53 hot spot mutants, including p53<sup>R175H</sup>, p53<sup>R248W</sup> and p53<sup>R273H</sup>. P53R3 induces p53-dependent antiproliferative effects with much higher specificity than PRIMA-1. P53R3 enhances the recruitment of wild-type p53 and p53<sup>M237I</sup> to several target gene promoters. P53R3 strongly enhances the mRNA, total protein and cell surface expression of the death receptor death receptor 5 (DR5). P53R3 is used for cancer research<sup>[1]</sup>.

#### In Vitro

P53R3 (10 µg/ml; 24 hours; in the absence or presence of the unlabelled p53 consensus oligonucleotide) restores p53-specific DNA binding activity to p53<sup>R273H</sup> (a DNA contact mutant) and p53R175H (a structural mutant) in WiDr colon tumour cells harbouring p53<sup>R273H</sup> and KLE cells with p53R175H<sup>[1]</sup>.

P53R3 (1-33 µg/ml; 24 hours) inhibits the proliferation of the LN-308 sublines expressing mutant p53 plasmids in a p53-dependent manner. The p53<sup>R175H</sup>-dependent effects are strong over a broad range of concentrations, but p53<sup>R273H</sup>-dependent effects are weaker and requires high concentrations of P53R3<sup>[1]</sup>.

P53R3 induces p53<sup>R248W</sup> reactivation is more pronounced proliferation inhibition than observed with p53<sup>R273H</sup>. P53R3 does not exhibit cytotoxic effects even at concentrations close to its solubility limit (33 µg/ml)<sup>[1]</sup>.

P53R3 (33 µg/ml; 18 hours) induces a strong decrease in S phase cells and a G0/G1 cell cycle arrest in LN-308 p53<sup>R175H</sup> and LN-308 p53<sup>R273H</sup> cells. But it does not affect cell cycle distribution of LN-308 p53<sup>R248W</sup> cells<sup>[1]</sup>.

MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

Cell Viability Assay<sup>[1]</sup>

Cell Line:	p53 null LN-308 human glioma cells with a control plasmid or plasmids encoding the mutants p53R175H, p53R248W and p53R273H
Concentration:	1-33 µg/mL
Incubation Time:	24 hours
Result:	Induced p53-dependent and -independent antiproliferative and cytotoxic effects in vitro.

## REFERENCES

[1]. Alejandro Parrales, et al. Targeting Oncogenic Mutant p53 for Cancer Therapy. Front Oncol

**Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.**

Tel: 609-228-6898

Fax: 609-228-5909

E-mail: tech@MedChemExpress.com

Address: 1 Deer Park Dr, Suite Q, Monmouth Junction, NJ 08852, USA