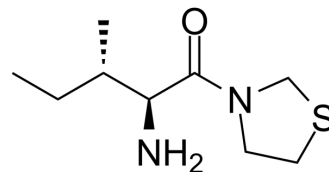


P32/98

Cat. No.:	HY-129736A
CAS No.:	136259-20-6
Molecular Formula:	C ₉ H ₁₈ N ₂ OS
Molecular Weight:	202.32
Target:	Dipeptidyl Peptidase
Pathway:	Metabolic Enzyme/Protease
Storage:	Please store the product under the recommended conditions in the Certificate of Analysis.



BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

Description	P32/98 a potent inhibitor of dipeptidyl peptidase IV with a K _i value of 130 nM. P32/98 improves glucose tolerance, insulin sensitivity and β-cell responsiveness in fatty Zucker rat model ^{[1][2][3]} .									
IC₅₀ & Target	DPP4 ^[1]									
In Vitro	<p>GLP-1 acts function of stimulation of glucose dependent insulin secretion and induction of satiety feelings, and DPPIV is the major renal catabolic pathway for GLP-1 in vivo^[2].</p> <p>P32/98 hemifumarate, together with 200 pM GLP-1, (10 μM; 3 h) shows no significant inhibition of sodium re-absorption in porcine proximal tubular cells^[2].</p> <p>P32/98 (10 μM; 96 h) does not influence the mRNA expression of GLP-1R, DPPIV, Na⁺/H⁺ exchanger isoform 3 (NHE3), sodium-dependent glucose transporter slc5a1, slc5a2 (SGLT1, 2)^[2].</p> <p>MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.</p> <p>Cell Cytotoxicity Assay^[2]</p> <table border="1"> <tr> <td>Cell Line:</td> <td>Porcine proximal tubular cells</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Concentration:</td> <td>10 μM</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Incubation Time:</td> <td>96 hours</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Result:</td> <td>Showed no toxic.</td> </tr> </table>		Cell Line:	Porcine proximal tubular cells	Concentration:	10 μM	Incubation Time:	96 hours	Result:	Showed no toxic.
Cell Line:	Porcine proximal tubular cells									
Concentration:	10 μM									
Incubation Time:	96 hours									
Result:	Showed no toxic.									
In Vivo	<p>P32/98 (25 mg/kg; i.g.; once daily) long-time treatment significantly improves the glucose tolerance in Zucker diabetic fatty rats, a model of IGT (impaired glucose tolerance)^[3].</p> <p>MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.</p> <table border="1"> <tr> <td>Animal Model:</td> <td>Zucker diabetic fatty rat^[2]</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Dosage:</td> <td>25 mg/kg</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Administration:</td> <td>Oral gavage; once daily</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Result:</td> <td>Significantly improved the glucose tolerance in Zucker diabetic fatty rats.</td> </tr> </table>		Animal Model:	Zucker diabetic fatty rat ^[2]	Dosage:	25 mg/kg	Administration:	Oral gavage; once daily	Result:	Significantly improved the glucose tolerance in Zucker diabetic fatty rats.
Animal Model:	Zucker diabetic fatty rat ^[2]									
Dosage:	25 mg/kg									
Administration:	Oral gavage; once daily									
Result:	Significantly improved the glucose tolerance in Zucker diabetic fatty rats.									

REFERENCES

- [1]. Augstein P, et al. Efficacy of the dipeptidyl peptidase IV inhibitor isoleucine thiazolidide (P32/98) in fatty Zucker rats with incipient and manifest impaired glucose tolerance. *Diabetes Obes Metab.* 2008;10(10):850-861.
- [2]. Wargent E, et al. Improvement of glucose tolerance in Zucker diabetic fatty rats by long-term treatment with the dipeptidyl peptidase inhibitor P32/98: comparison with and combination with rosiglitazone. *Diabetes Obes Metab.* 2005;7(2):170-181.
-

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

Tel: 609-228-6898

Fax: 609-228-5909

E-mail: tech@MedChemExpress.com

Address: 1 Deer Park Dr, Suite Q, Monmouth Junction, NJ 08852, USA