Olodanrigan

Cat. No.:	HY-13106			
CAS No.:	1316755-16-4			
Molecular Formula:	C ₃₂ H ₂₉ NO ₅			
Molecular Weight:	507.58			
Target:	Angiotensin Receptor			
Pathway:	GPCR/G Protein			
Storage:	Powder	-20°C	3 years	
		4°C	2 years	
	In solvent	-80°C	2 years	
		-20°C	1 year	

SOLVENT & SOLUBILITY

In Vitro	DMSO : ≥ 34 mg/mL (H ₂ O : < 0.1 mg/mL (in * "≥" means soluble,	DMSO : ≥ 34 mg/mL (66.98 mM) H ₂ O : < 0.1 mg/mL (insoluble) * "≥" means soluble, but saturation unknown.					
		Mass Solvent Concentration	1 mg	5 mg	10 mg		
	Preparing Stock Solutions	1 mM	1.9701 mL	9.8507 mL	19.7013 mL		
	Stock Solutions	5 mM	0.3940 mL	1.9701 mL	3.9403 mL		
		10 mM	0.1970 mL	0.9851 mL	1.9701 mL		
	Please refer to the so	10 mM	0.1970 mL	0.9851 mL	1.9701 mL		

BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY					
Description	Olodanrigan (EMA401) is a highly selective, orally active, peripherally restricted angiotensin II type 2 receptor (AT2R) antagonist. It is under development as a neuropathic pain therapeutic agent. Olodanrigan (EMA401) analgesic action appears to involve inhibition of augmented AngII/AT2R induced p38 and p42/p44 MAPK activation, and hence inhibition of DRG neuron hyperexcitability and sprouting of DRG neurons ^{[1][2][3][4]} .				
In Vivo	EMA401 (10 mg/kg; p.o.) results in a significant attenuation of theta power and increase in paw withdrawal latencies (PWL) in rats at day 14 after chronic constriction injury (CCI) ^[4] . MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.				

CUSTOMER VALIDATION

Product Data Sheet





• J Pharmacol Sci. 146 (2021) 121-124.

See more customer validations on www.MedChemExpress.com

REFERENCES

[1]. Rice AS et al. EMA401, an orally administered highly selective angiotensin II type 2 receptor antagonist, as a novel treatment for postherpetic neuralgia: a randomised, double-blind, placebo-controlled phase 2 clinical trial. Lancet. 2014 May 10;383(9929

[2]. Anand U et al. Mechanisms underlying clinical efficacy of Angiotensin II type 2 receptor (AT2R) antagonist EMA401 in neuropathic pain: clinical tissue and in vitro studies. Mol Pain. 2015 Jun 26;11:38.

[3]. Suguru Koyama, et al. An Electroencephalography Bioassay for Preclinical Testing of Analgesic Efficacy.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

 Tel: 609-228-6898
 Fax: 609-228-5909
 E-mail: tech@MedChemExpress.com

 Address: 1 Deer Park Dr, Suite Q, Monmouth Junction, NJ 08852, USA