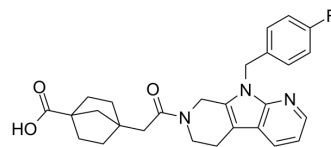


ONO-8430506

Cat. No.:	HY-145344
CAS No.:	1354805-08-5
Molecular Formula:	C ₂₇ H ₂₈ FN ₃ O ₃
Molecular Weight:	461.53
Target:	Phosphodiesterase (PDE)
Pathway:	Metabolic Enzyme/Protease
Storage:	4°C, sealed storage, away from moisture and light * In solvent : -80°C, 6 months; -20°C, 1 month (sealed storage, away from moisture and light)



SOLVENT & SOLUBILITY

In Vitro	DMSO : 100 mg/mL (216.67 mM; Need ultrasonic)					
	Preparing Stock Solutions	Solvent	Mass	1 mg	5 mg	10 mg
		Concentration				
		1 mM		2.1667 mL	10.8335 mL	21.6671 mL
		5 mM		0.4333 mL	2.1667 mL	4.3334 mL
	10 mM		0.2167 mL	1.0834 mL	2.1667 mL	
Please refer to the solubility information to select the appropriate solvent.						
In Vivo	1. Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 40% PEG300 >> 5% Tween-80 >> 45% saline Solubility: ≥ 2.5 mg/mL (5.42 mM); Clear solution					
	2. Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% (20% SBE-β-CD in saline) Solubility: ≥ 2.5 mg/mL (5.42 mM); Clear solution					
	3. Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% corn oil Solubility: ≥ 2.5 mg/mL (5.42 mM); Clear solution					

BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

Description	ONO-8430506 is an orally bioavailable and potent autotaxin (ATX)/ENPP2 inhibitor with the IC ₉₀ of 100 nM for ATX activity in mouse plasma ^{[1][2][3]} .
In Vitro	Autotaxin, also known as ectonucleotide pyrophosphatase/phosphodiesterase 2 (ENPP2), is a secreted enzyme that has lysophospholipase D activity. The IC ₅₀ s of ONO-8430506 for the lysophospholipase D (LysoPLD) activity of recombinant human ATX/ENPP2 are 5.1 nM in an assay using synthetic fluorescent substrate (FS-3) and 4.5 nM in an assay using a natural substrate (16:0-LPC) ^[2] . ONO-8430506 shows efficient inhibition of lysophosphatidic acid (LPA) formation, with IC ₅₀ s of approximately 10 nM with

both recombinant and plasma derived ATX/ENPP2 from various animal species^[2].
MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

In Vivo

ONO-8430506 (10 mg/kg/day; gavage; for 21 days) slows initial tumor growth and limits lung metastasis^[1].
ONO-8430506 decreases the initial phase of breast tumor growth and subsequent lung metastases by ~60% in a syngeneic orthotopic mouse model^[1].
ONO-8430506 (oral; 30 mg/kg) demonstrates good pharmacokinetics and persistently inhibits plasma lysophosphatidic acid formation in rats^[2].
ONO-8430506 (30 or 100 mg/kg) enhances the antitumor effect of Paclitaxel in a breast cancer model^[3].
ONO-8430506 exhibits moderate oral bioavailability (rat 51.6%, dog 71.1%, and monkey 30.8%) and C_{max} (rat 261, dog 1670, and monkey 63 ng/mL) following oral administration (rat 1, dog 1, and monkey 1 mg/kg)^[3].
ONO-8430506 exhibits terminal elimination half-lives (rat 3.4, dog 8.9, and monkey 7.9 h) due to low plasma clearance (8.2, 4.7, and 5.8 mL/min/kg respectively) combined with large volumes of distribution (1474, 1863, and 2275 mL/kg respectively) following intravenous administration (rat 0.3, dog 0.3, and monkey 0.3 mg/kg)^[3].
MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

Animal Model:	Female BALB/c mice, 8-10 wk old (BALB/cAnNCrI) ^[1]
Dosage:	10 mg/kg
Administration:	Gavaged daily for 21 days; 10 µL/g
Result:	Tumor growth in ONO-8430506-treated mice caught up to the vehicle group by day 13; thereafter, primary tumor size was not significantly different from the vehicle-treated mice. However, treatment with ONO-8430506 decreased the numbers of metastatic nodules in the lungs at day 21 by ~60%.

REFERENCES

[1]. Matthew G K Benesch, et al. Inhibition of autotaxin delays breast tumor growth and lung metastasis in mice. *FASEB J.* 2014 Jun;28(6):2655-66.

[2]. Hiroshi Saga, et al. A novel highly potent autotaxin/ENPP2 inhibitor produces prolonged decreases in plasma lysophosphatidic acid formation in vivo and regulates urethral tension. *PLoS One.* 2014 Apr 18;9(4):e93230.

[3]. Yuzo Iwaki, et al. ONO-8430506: A Novel Autotaxin Inhibitor That Enhances the Antitumor Effect of Paclitaxel in a Breast Cancer Model. *ACS Med Chem Lett.* 2020 May 14;11(6):1335-1341.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

Tel: 609-228-6898

Fax: 609-228-5909

E-mail: tech@MedChemExpress.com

Address: 1 Deer Park Dr, Suite Q, Monmouth Junction, NJ 08852, USA