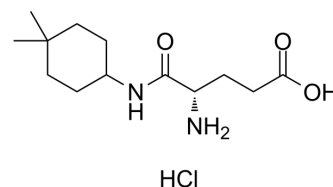


Neboglamine hydrochloride

Cat. No.:	HY-114753A
CAS No.:	2759182-59-5
Molecular Formula:	C ₁₃ H ₂₅ ClN ₂ O ₃
Molecular Weight:	292.8
Target:	iGluR
Pathway:	Membrane Transporter/Ion Channel; Neuronal Signaling
Storage:	Please store the product under the recommended conditions in the Certificate of Analysis.



BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

Description	Neboglamine (CR-2249, XY-2401) hydrochloride is an orally active NMDA receptor glycine site positive modulator that can be used in schizophrenia research ^[1] .																
In Vivo	<p>Neboglamine hydrochloride (s.c. or p.o., 0.3-30 mg/kg) can regulate neuronal activity in brain regions and inhibit PCP-induced hypermobility in rats^[1]. MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.</p> <table border="1"> <tr> <td>Animal Model:</td> <td>Male Wistar rats^[1]</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Dosage:</td> <td>20 mg/kg</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Administration:</td> <td>Subcutaneous injection</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Result:</td> <td>Increased neuronal activity in brain regions, prefrontal cortex (PFCX) from 38.5 to 121.3, nucleus accumbens (NAc) from 14.5 to 69.1 and lateral septal nucleus (LSN) from 16.2 to 73.1 but no effect on dorsolateral striatum (DL-STR) compared to the control group. Significantly inhibited phencyclidine-induced hypermobility.</td> </tr> </table> <table border="1"> <tr> <td>Animal Model:</td> <td>Male Wistar rats^[1]</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Dosage:</td> <td>0.3 mg/kg, 3 mg/kg, 30 mg/kg</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Administration:</td> <td>Oral administration</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Result:</td> <td>Reduced frequency of PCP-induced hypermobility and stereotyped behaviour in a dose-dependent manner and the dose inhibited stereotyped behaviour (0.3 mg/kg) was lower than the dose inhibited motor activity (3 mg/kg).</td> </tr> </table>	Animal Model:	Male Wistar rats ^[1]	Dosage:	20 mg/kg	Administration:	Subcutaneous injection	Result:	Increased neuronal activity in brain regions, prefrontal cortex (PFCX) from 38.5 to 121.3, nucleus accumbens (NAc) from 14.5 to 69.1 and lateral septal nucleus (LSN) from 16.2 to 73.1 but no effect on dorsolateral striatum (DL-STR) compared to the control group. Significantly inhibited phencyclidine-induced hypermobility.	Animal Model:	Male Wistar rats ^[1]	Dosage:	0.3 mg/kg, 3 mg/kg, 30 mg/kg	Administration:	Oral administration	Result:	Reduced frequency of PCP-induced hypermobility and stereotyped behaviour in a dose-dependent manner and the dose inhibited stereotyped behaviour (0.3 mg/kg) was lower than the dose inhibited motor activity (3 mg/kg).
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REFERENCES

[1]. Riccardo Chiusaroli, et al. Antipsychotic-like effects of the N-methyl-D-aspartate receptor modulator neboglamine: an immunohistochemical and behavioural study in

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

Tel: 609-228-6898

Fax: 609-228-5909

E-mail: tech@MedChemExpress.com

Address: 1 Deer Park Dr, Suite Q, Monmouth Junction, NJ 08852, USA