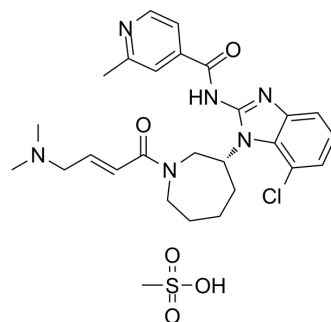


Nazartinib mesylate

Cat. No.:	HY-12872A
CAS No.:	1508250-72-3
Molecular Formula:	C ₂₇ H ₃₅ ClN ₆ O ₅ S
Molecular Weight:	591.12
Target:	EGFR
Pathway:	JAK/STAT Signaling; Protein Tyrosine Kinase/RTK
Storage:	Please store the product under the recommended conditions in the Certificate of Analysis.



BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

Description	Nazartinib mesylate (EGF816 mesylate) is a novel, covalent mutant-selective EGFR inhibitor, with K _i and K _{inact} of 31 nM and 0.222 min ⁻¹ on EGFR(L858R/T790M) mutant, respectively.
IC₅₀ & Target	EGFR ^{L858R/T790M} 31 nM (K _i)
In Vitro	Nazartinib (EGF816) has inhibitory effect on the mutant cell lines with IC ₅₀ s of 4, 6, 2 nM in H1975, H3255, and HCC827, respectively, and demonstrates improved ADME and PK properties ^[1] . Nazartinib (EGF816) shows potent inhibition of pEGFR levels in H3255, HCC827, and H1975 cell lines with EC ₅₀ values of 5, 1, and 3 nM, respectively. Nazartinib inhibits cell proliferation, with EC ₅₀ values of 9, 11, and 25 nM in H3255, HCC827, and H1975, respectively. Nazartinib has an OC ₅₀ (compound concentration at 50% occupancy) value of 2 and 5 nM on HCC827 and H1975, respectively ^[2] . MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.
In Vivo	In H1975 mouse xenograft model, Nazartinib (EGF816; 50 and 20 mg/kg or 25 mg/kg, p.o.) demonstrates dose-dependent efficacy with near complete tumor cells regression at the highest dose tested (50 mg/kg) ^[1] . In H1975 mouse model, Nazartinib (EGF816; 10 mg/kg, p.o.) induces tumor growth inhibition with a T/C (tumor/control volume) of 29%, and when doses are 30 and 100 mg/kg, tumor regressions are achieved (T/C, -61% and -80%, respectively). In the H3255 xenograft model, Nazartinib (30 mg/kg, p.o.) shows significant antitumor activity. Antiproliferative activity of Nazartinib on 89 lung cancer cell lines indicates that Nazartinib selectively inhibits cell lines containing EGFR with catalytic domain mutations ^[2] . MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

PROTOCOL

Kinase Assay ^[1]

Recombinant kinase domain of EGFR L858R and T790M-L858R mutants are incubated with Nazartinib to confirm covalent modification of EGFR and site of adduction. Recombinant enzyme is incubated at room temperature with a 20-fold molar excess of compound in 40 mM Tris, pH 8, 500 mM NaCl, 1% glycerol, 5 mM TCEP for 1 h. The reaction is quenched by addition of dithiothreitol (DTT, 80-fold excess to compound) and transfer to ice. A third of the reaction (10 μL) is processed for intact MS by adding an equal volume of 6 M Guan HCl, 100 mM Tris, pH 8, 20 mM DTT, 10 mM TCEP and incubating at room temperature for 15 min. Intact MS analysis is performed on an Agilent 6520 QToF mass spectrometer equipped with a dual spray ion source (IS of 4500 V, fragmentor of 250 V, gas temp of 350°C, and skimmer of 75 V). The samples are injected onto a PLRP-S column (2.1 mm×50 mm), heated to 60°C, and desalted for 2 min at 500 μL/min and 3% B prior to elution with a fast

gradient of 3-50% B in 3 min (B, 0.1% formic acid). The data are analyzed in MassHunter for automatic peak selection, integration, and spectral deconvolution with a mass range of 15 000-75 000 Da.
MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

Cell Assay [2]

Cells are seeded 500 cells/well in solid white 384-well plates in maintenance media. Serial diluted compounds are transferred to cells. After 3 days, cell viability is measured by CellTiter-Glo. BaF3 cell viability is measured 2 days after compound treatment using Bright-Glo Luciferase Assay System. Luminescent readout is normalized to 0.1% DMSO-treated cells and empty wells. Five EGFR TKI-resistant cell lines are generated at Massachusetts General Hospital. MGH134, MGH121, MGH141, and MGH157 are derived from patients who developed resistance to erlotinib with acquired T790M mutation. MGH119-R is generated in vitro by treating MGH119 with gefitinib for a prolonged period. The sensitivity of Nazartinib on these lines is tested.
MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

Animal Administration [1]

Foxn1 nude mice bearing the H1975 tumors are randomized and used for efficacy studies. Compounds are formulated in 0.5% MC, 0.5% Tween 80 suspension formulation and administered by oral gavage at a dosing volume of 10 µL/g of the animal body weight. Animals in each group receive one oral dose of either vehicle (n=6) or the different test compounds (n=6 in each dose group). Plasma samples are collected for PK measurements at 30 min, 3 h, 7 h, and 24 h after last dose on day 5. Body weight is monitored daily, and the % change in body weight is calculated as $[(BW_{current} - BW_{initial}) / (BW_{initial})] \times 100$. Data are presented as percent body weight change from the day of treatment initiation. Tumor sizes are assessed three times during the efficacy study for 5 days. Tumor sizes are determined by using caliper measurements. Tumor volumes are calculated with the formula $(length \times width \times width) / 2$.
MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

CUSTOMER VALIDATION

- Cancer Res. 2021 Sep 15;81(18):4822-4834.
- Cancer Lett. 2021 Jul 7;S0304-3835(21)00334-7.
- Roy Soc Open Sci. 2020 Jan 15;7(1):191595.
- Roy Soc Open Sci. 2019 Aug 14;6(8):190852.
- Patent. US20210361655A1.

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REFERENCES

[1]. Lelais G, et al. Discovery of (R,E)-N-(7-Chloro-1-(1-[4-(dimethylamino)but-2-enoyl]azepan-3-yl)-1H-benzo[d]imidazol-2-yl)-2-methylisonicotinamide (EGF816), a Novel, Potent, and WT Sparing Covalent Inhibitor of Oncogenic (L858R, ex19del) and Resistant (T79

[2]. Jia Y, et al. EGF816 Exerts Anticancer Effects in Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer by Irreversibly and Selectively Targeting Primary and Acquired Activating Mutations in the EGF Receptor. Cancer Res. 2016 Mar 15;76(6):1591-602

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

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