Screening Libraries

NVP-TNKS656

Cat. No.: HY-13990 CAS No.: 1419949-20-4 Molecular Formula: $C_{27}H_{34}N_4O_5$ Molecular Weight: 494.58

Target: PARP; Apoptosis

Pathway: Cell Cycle/DNA Damage; Epigenetics; Apoptosis

Storage: Powder -20°C 3 years

4°C 2 years

-80°C In solvent 2 years

> -20°C 1 year

Product Data Sheet

SOLVENT & SOLUBILITY

In Vitro

DMSO: 35 mg/mL (70.77 mM; ultrasonic and warming and heat to 60°C)

Preparing Stock Solutions	Solvent Mass Concentration	1 mg	5 mg	10 mg
	1 mM	2.0219 mL	10.1096 mL	20.2192 mL
	5 mM	0.4044 mL	2.0219 mL	4.0438 mL
	10 mM	0.2022 mL	1.0110 mL	2.0219 mL

Please refer to the solubility information to select the appropriate solvent.

In Vivo

- 1. Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 40% PEG300 >> 5% Tween-80 >> 45% saline Solubility: ≥ 3.5 mg/mL (7.08 mM); Clear solution
- 2. Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% (20% SBE-β-CD in saline) Solubility: ≥ 3.5 mg/mL (7.08 mM); Clear solution
- 3. Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% corn oil Solubility: ≥ 3.5 mg/mL (7.08 mM); Clear solution

BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

Description NVP-TNKS656 is a highly potent, selective, and orally active TNKS2 inhibitor with IC $_{50}$ of 6 nM, and is > 300 fold selectivity against PARP1 and PARP2.

TNKS2 PARP2 IC₅₀ & Target 6 nM (IC₅₀) 32 μM (IC₅₀)

In Vivo NVP-TNKS656 (30 or 100 mg/kg, p.o.) exhibits good exposure and moderate oral bioavailability of 32% and 53%, respectively. Some slight overproportional increase in oral exposure is observed between 30 and 100 mg/kg with the dose normalized AUC for the 100 mg/kg dose being 2-fold higher than for the 30 mg/kg dose. Mice treated with NVP-TNKS656 (350 mg/kg, p.o.) show good plasma and tumor exposures corresponding to AUC_{0-24h} of 515 and 325 μ M·h, respectively^[1]. MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

PROTOCOL

Animal
Administration [1]

Athymic female nude mice weighing 19-22 g are implanted subcutaneously with a 3×3×3 mm³ tumor fragment from an MMTV-Wnt1 tumor-bearing mouse. Tumors are grown to approximately 250-300 mm³. Individual mice are given a single oral dose of vehicle (n=3) (4% HCl:10% propylene glycol:20% Solutol HS15:60.5% D5W:0.5% NaOH) or TNKS656 at 350 mg/kg (n=18). At 0.5, 1, 2, 4, 8, 16, or 24 h following dosing (n=3/time point), mice are euthanized, and blood is collected via cardiac puncture and processed for plasma. Tumors are excised from mice and frozen at -80°C for PD analysis.

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REFERENCES

[1]. Shultz MD, et al. Identification of NVP-TNKS656: the use of structure-efficiency relationships to generate a highly potent, selective, and orally active tankyrase inhibitor. J Med Chem. 2013 Aug 22;56(16):6495-511.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

Tel: 609-228-6898

Fax: 609-228-5909

 $\hbox{E-mail: } tech@MedChemExpress.com$

Address: 1 Deer Park Dr, Suite Q, Monmouth Junction, NJ 08852, USA