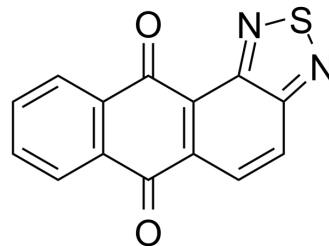


NSC745885

Cat. No.:	HY-119198		
CAS No.:	4219-52-7		
Molecular Formula:	C ₁₄ H ₆ N ₂ O ₂ S		
Molecular Weight:	266.27		
Target:	Apoptosis; Histone Methyltransferase		
Pathway:	Apoptosis; Epigenetics		
Storage:	Powder	-20°C	3 years
		4°C	2 years
	In solvent	-80°C	6 months
		-20°C	1 month



SOLVENT & SOLUBILITY

In Vitro	DMSO : < 1 mg/mL (insoluble or slightly soluble)
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BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

Description NSC745885 an effective anti-tumor agent, shows selective toxicity against multiple cancer cell lines but not normal cells. NSC745885 is an effective down-regulator of EZH2 via proteasome-mediated degradation. NSC745885 provides possibilities for the study of advanced bladder and oral squamous cell carcinoma (OSCC) cancers^{[1][2]}.

IC₅₀ & Target EZH2

In Vitro NSC745885 (0.5-4 μM; 24, 48 or 72 hours) has a growth inhibitory or death-promoting effect on the SAS cells, it significantly decreases the densities of cultured cells when compared with untreated cells. The IC₅₀ of NSC745885 is 0.85 μM after 72 hours' treatment^[1].
 NSC745885 (0.5-4 μM; 24 hours) increases annexin V positive cells in a dose-dependent manner, and the differences appears as a dose-dependent manner^[1].
 NSC745885 (0.5-2 μM; 24 or 48 hours) decreases XIAP protein levels and increases protein levels both as a dose-dependent manner in SAS cells^[1].
 MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.
 Cell Viability Assay^[1]

Cell Line:	SAS cells is obtained from a poorly differentiated human squamous cell carcinoma
Concentration:	0.5 μM, 1 μM, 1.5 μM, 2 μM, 4 μM
Incubation Time:	24, 48, or 72 hours
Result:	Decreases SAS cells growth as a time and dose-dependent manner.

Apoptosis Analysis^[1]

Cell Line:	SAS cells is obtained from a poorly differentiated human squamous cell carcinoma
Concentration:	0.5 μ M, 1 μ M, 1.5 μ M, 2 μ M, 4 μ M
Incubation Time:	24 hours
Result:	Decreases SAS cells growth as a time and dose-dependent manner.
Western Blot Analysis ^[1]	
Cell Line:	SAS cells is obtained from a poorly differentiated human squamous cell carcinoma
Concentration:	0.5 μ M, 1 μ M, 1.5 μ M, 2 μ M
Incubation Time:	24 or 48 hours
Result:	Increased cleaved caspase-3 expression and decreased XIAP expression.

In Vivo

NSC745885 (intraperitoneal injection; 2 mg/kg; once daily; 10 days) treatment significantly reduces tumor size when compared with the vehicle control, and exhibits a higher safety than doxorubicin^[1].
MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

Animal Model:	Eight-week-old NOD/SCID (NOD.CB17 Prkdc ^{scid} /J) mice ^[1]
Dosage:	2 mg/kg
Administration:	Intraperitoneal injection; 2 mg/kg; once daily; 10 days
Result:	Inhibited engrafted tumors growth in vivo.

REFERENCES

- [1]. Chen YW, et al. A novel compound NSC745885 exerts an anti-tumor effect on tongue cancer SAS cells in vitro and in vivo. *PLoS One*. 2014 Aug 15;9(8):e104703.
- [2]. Tang SH, et al. Pharmacologic down-regulation of EZH2 suppresses bladder cancer in vitro and in vivo. *Oncotarget*. 2014 Nov 15;5(21):10342-55.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

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