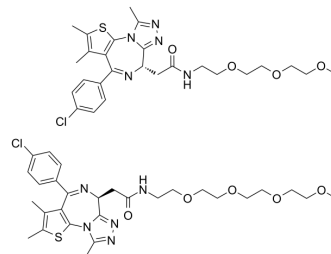


MT1

Cat. No.:	HY-111976		
CAS No.:	2060573-82-0		
Molecular Formula:	C ₅₄ H ₆₆ Cl ₂ N ₁₀ O ₉ S ₂		
Molecular Weight:	1134.2		
Target:	Epigenetic Reader Domain		
Pathway:	Epigenetics		
Storage:	Powder	-20°C	3 years
		4°C	2 years
	In solvent	-80°C	6 months
		-20°C	1 month



SOLVENT & SOLUBILITY

In Vitro	DMSO : 150 mg/mL (132.25 mM; Need ultrasonic)					
		Solvent Concentration	Mass	1 mg	5 mg	10 mg
	Preparing Stock Solutions	1 mM	0.8817 mL	4.4084 mL	8.8168 mL	
		5 mM	0.1763 mL	0.8817 mL	1.7634 mL	
10 mM		0.0882 mL	0.4408 mL	0.8817 mL		
Please refer to the solubility information to select the appropriate solvent.						
In Vivo	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 40% PEG300 >> 5% Tween-80 >> 45% saline Solubility: ≥ 7.5 mg/mL (6.61 mM); Clear solution Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% (20% SBE-β-CD in saline) Solubility: 7.5 mg/mL (6.61 mM); Suspended solution; Need ultrasonic Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% corn oil Solubility: ≥ 7.5 mg/mL (6.61 mM); Clear solution 					

BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

Description	MT1 is a bivalent chemical probe of BET bromodomains, with an IC ₅₀ of 0.789 nM for BRD4(1) ^[1] .	
In Vitro	MT1 (100 nM, 24 h) significantly induces apoptosis via caspase-3 and PARP in MV4;11 cells ^[1] . MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only. Western Blot Analysis ^[1]	
	Cell Line:	MV4;11 cells ^[1] .

	Concentration:	100 nM.
	Incubation Time:	24 h.
	Result:	Significant apoptosis was observed by caspase-3 and PARP cleavage after treatment.
In Vivo	<p>MT1 (44.2 and 22.1 $\mu\text{mol/kg}$, ip daily, for 14 days) significantly delayed leukemia progression in mice (<i>Mus musculus</i>) compared to JQ1^[1].</p> <p>MT1 exhibits terminal $t_{1/2}$ of 2.70 h in mice^[1].</p> <p>MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.</p>	
	Animal Model:	Leukemia xenograft models ^[1] .
	Dosage:	44.2 and 22.1 $\mu\text{mol/kg}$.
	Administration:	Intraperitoneally for 14 subsequent days.
	Result:	Significantly reduced leukemic burden over the course of the study compared to either vehicle or JQ1.

REFERENCES

[1]. Minoru Tanaka, et al. Design and characterization of bivalent BET inhibitors. *Nat Chem Biol.* 2016 Dec;12(12):1089-1096.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

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