Product Data Sheet

MS402

Cat. No.: HY-120000 CAS No.: 1672684-68-2 Molecular Formula: $C_{20}H_{19}ClN_2O_3$

Molecular Weight: 370.83

Target: Epigenetic Reader Domain

Pathway: Epigenetics

Storage: Powder -20°C 3 years

4°C 2 years

In solvent -80°C 2 years

-20°C 1 year

SOLVENT & SOLUBILITY

In Vitro

DMSO: 100 mg/mL (269.67 mM; Need ultrasonic)

Preparing Stock Solutions	Solvent Mass Concentration	1 mg	5 mg	10 mg
	1 mM	2.6967 mL	13.4833 mL	26.9665 mL
	5 mM	0.5393 mL	2.6967 mL	5.3933 mL
	10 mM	0.2697 mL	1.3483 mL	2.6967 mL

Please refer to the solubility information to select the appropriate solvent.

In Vivo

- 1. Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 40% PEG300 >> 5% Tween-80 >> 45% saline Solubility: 2.5 mg/mL (6.74 mM); Suspended solution; Need ultrasonic
- 2. Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% corn oil Solubility: ≥ 2.5 mg/mL (6.74 mM); Clear solution

BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

Description	MS402 is a BD1-selective BET BrD inhibitor with K _i s of 77 nM, 718 nM, 110 nM, 200 nM, 83 nM, and 240 nM for BRD4(BD1), BRD4(BD1), BRD3(BD2), BRD2(BD1) and BRD2(BD2), respectively. MS402 blocks Th17 cell differentiation and ameliorates colitis in mice ^[1] .				
IC ₅₀ & Target	BRD4-BD1 77 nM (Ki)	BRD2-BD1 83 nM (Ki)	BRD3-BD1 110 nM (Ki)	BRD3-BD2 200 nM (Ki)	
	BRD2-BD2 240 nM (Ki)	BRD4-BD2 718 nM (Ki)			

In Vivo

Reconstitution with naïve CD4 $^+$ CD45RB hi cells isolated from spleen and lymph nodes of C57BL/6 mice, Rag1 $^{-/-}$ mice begin losing weight after 4 week. MS402 (10 mg/kg; intraperitoneally twice a week for 3 weeks) shows much less weight loss^[1]. MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

Animal Model:	C57BL/6 mice, Rag1 ^{-/-} mice with T-cell transfer-induced colitis model ^[1]	
Dosage:	10 mg/kg	
Administration:	Intraperitoneally twice a week for 3 weeks	
Result:	Showed much less weight loss.	

CUSTOMER VALIDATION

• Stem Cell Rev Rep. 2020 Dec;16(6):1280-1291.

See more customer validations on www.MedChemExpress.com

REFERENCES

[1]. Cheung K, et al. BET N-terminal bromodomain inhibition selectively blocks Th17 cell differentiation and ameliorates colitis in mice. Proc Natl Acad Sci U S A. 2017 Mar 14;114(11):2952-2957.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

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