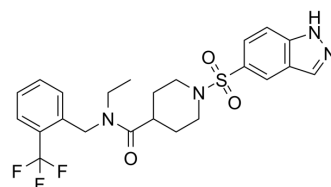


ML380

Cat. No.:	HY-12439		
CAS No.:	1627138-52-6		
Molecular Formula:	C ₂₃ H ₂₅ F ₃ N ₄ O ₃ S		
Molecular Weight:	495		
Target:	mAChR		
Pathway:	GPCR/G Protein; Neuronal Signaling		
Storage:	Powder	-20°C	3 years
		4°C	2 years
	In solvent	-80°C	6 months
		-20°C	1 month



SOLVENT & SOLUBILITY

In Vitro	DMSO : 100 mg/mL (202.02 mM; Need ultrasonic)					
		Solvent Concentration	Mass	1 mg	5 mg	10 mg
	Preparing Stock Solutions	1 mM		2.0202 mL	10.1010 mL	20.2020 mL
		5 mM		0.4040 mL	2.0202 mL	4.0404 mL
10 mM			0.2020 mL	1.0101 mL	2.0202 mL	
Please refer to the solubility information to select the appropriate solvent.						
In Vivo	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 40% PEG300 >> 5% Tween-80 >> 45% saline Solubility: ≥ 2.5 mg/mL (5.05 mM); Clear solution Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% (20% SBE-β-CD in saline) Solubility: ≥ 2.5 mg/mL (5.05 mM); Clear solution Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% corn oil Solubility: ≥ 2.5 mg/mL (5.05 mM); Clear solution 					

BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

Description	ML380 is a potent, subtype-selective, and brain-penetrant positive allosteric modulator (PAM) of M5 mAChR, with EC ₅₀ s of 190 and 610 nM for human and rat M5, respectively. ML380 exhibits moderate selectivity versus the M1 and M3 mAChR subtypes. ML380 could increase the affinity of ACh for the M5 mAChR ^{[1][2][3]} .
IC₅₀ & Target	IC ₅₀ : 190 nM (hM5), 610 nM (rM5) ^[1]
In Vitro	ML380 (0.01 nM-100 μM) robustly stimulates inositol phosphate (IP) accumulation and Ca ²⁺ mobilization in CHO-hM ₅ cells,

with pEC₅₀s of 5.33 and 5.71, respectively^[2].

ML380 (0.01-30 μM) increases the ACh-stimulated IP accumulation and Ca²⁺ mobilization in CHO-hM₅ cells^[2].

MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

In Vivo

ML380 (1 mg/kg; i.v.) displays high clearance (66 mL/min/kg), a moderate volume of distribution (1.6 L/kg), and a short half-life (t_{1/2}, 22 min) in rats^[1].

MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

REFERENCES

[1]. Gentry PR, et, al. Development of a highly potent, novel M5 positive allosteric modulator (PAM) demonstrating CNS exposure: 1-((1H-indazol-5-yl)sulfonyl)-N-ethyl-N-(2-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl)piperidine-4-carboxamide (ML380). J Med Chem. 2014 Sep 25;57(18)

[2]. Berizzi AE, et, al. Molecular Mechanisms of Action of M5 Muscarinic Acetylcholine Receptor Allosteric Modulators. Mol Pharmacol. 2016 Oct;90(4):427-36.

[3]. Berizzi AE, et, al. Structure-Activity Relationships of Pan-Gα q/11 Coupled Muscarinic Acetylcholine Receptor Positive Allosteric Modulators. ACS Chem Neurosci. 2018 Jul 18;9(7):1818-1828.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

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