Lesogaberan napadisylate

| Cat. No.: | HY-10061A | 0 |
|--------------------|---|-----------------------|
| CAS No.: | 477956-38-0 | ∧ ∧ Š́OH |
| Molecular Formula: | C ₁₃ H ₁₇ FNO ₅ PS | |
| Molecular Weight: | 349.31 | |
| Target: | GABA Receptor | F O |
| Pathway: | Membrane Transporter/Ion Channel; Neuronal Signaling | |
| Storage: | Please store the product under the recommended conditions in the Certificate of Analysis. | H ₂ N P OH |

Product Data Sheet

| BIOLOGICAL ACTI | | | |
|---------------------------|--|---|--|
| Description | Lesogaberan (AZD-3355) napadisylate is a potent and selective GABA _B receptor agonist with an EC ₅₀ of 8.6 nM for human recombinant GABA _B receptors. The affinity (K _i s) of Lesogaberan napadisylate for rat GABA _B and GABA _A receptors, as measured by displacement of [³ H]GABA binding in brain membranes: 5.1 nM and 1.4 µM, respectively. Lesogaberan napadisylate inhibits transient lower esophageal sphincter relaxation through a peripheral mode of action ^[1] . | | |
| IC ₅₀ & Target | Ki: 5.1±1.2 nM (rat GABA _B), 1.4±0.3 μM (rat GABA _A) ^[1] EC50: 8.6±0.77 nM (human GABA _B receptor) ^[1] | | |
| In Vitro | Lesogaberan (3-30 nM) enhances human islet cell proliferation in vitro ^[2] . MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only. Cell Proliferation Assay ^[2] | | |
| | Cell Line: | Human islet cells | |
| | Concentration: | 3, 10, and 30 nM | |
| | Incubation Time: | 4 days | |
| | Result: | Had a small but nonsignificant promitotic effect at 3 nM, while treatment at higher dosages (10 and 30 nM) led to a 2-3-fold increase in proliferation relative to that of islets cultured in medium alone. | |
| In Vivo | Lesogaberan (AZD3355) potently stimulates recombinant human GABA _B receptors and inhibits transient lower esophageal sphincter relaxation (TLESR) in dogs, with a biphasic dose-response curve ^[1] . Oral Lesogaberan (0.08 mg/mL; 48 hours) protects human islet β-cells from apoptosis in islet grafts in mice ^[2] . Lesogaberan (7 µmol/kg) shows high oral availability (88% in the dog and 100% in the rat) and relatively low systemic clearance in female SpragueDawley rats ^[1] . MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only. | | |
| | Animal Model: | Diabetic NOD/scid mice were implanted with human islets ^[2] | |
| | Dosage: | 0.08 mg/mL | |
| | | | |

RedChemExpress

| Administration: | Oral feeding; 48 hours |
|-----------------|---|
| Result: | Significantly reduced the percentages of apoptotic islet cells and increased the frequent of insulin ⁺ β -cells in human islet grafts. |
| Animal Model: | Female Sprague Dawley rats ^[1] |
| Dosage: | 7 μmol/kg (Pharmacokinetic Analysis) |
| Administration: | Oral |
| Result: | High oral availability (88% in the dog and 100% in the rat) and relatively low systemic clearance. Plasma protein binding was 1% in rat and human plasma. |

REFERENCES

[1]. Lehmann A, et al. (R)-(3-amino-2-fluoropropyl) phosphinic acid (AZD3355), a novel GABAB receptor agonist, inhibits transient lower esophageal sphincter relaxation through a peripheral mode of action. J Pharmacol Exp Ther. 2009 Nov;331(2):504-12.

[2]. Tian J, et al. Repurposing Lesogaberan to Promote Human Islet Cell Survival and β -Cell Replication. J Diabetes Res. 2017;2017:6403539.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

 Tel: 609-228-6898
 Fax: 609-228-5909
 E-mail: tech@MedChemExpress.com

 Address: 1 Deer Park Dr, Suite Q, Monmouth Junction, NJ 08852, USA