Leelamine hydrochloride

| Cat. No.: | HY-110028 | |
|--------------------|--|-----|
| CAS No.: | 16496-99-4 | |
| Molecular Formula: | $C_{20}H_{32}CIN$ | · |
| Molecular Weight: | 321.93 | |
| Target: | Cannabinoid Receptor; Fatty Acid Synthase (FASN); Androgen Receptor | |
| Pathway: | GPCR/G Protein; Neuronal Signaling; Metabolic Enzyme/Protease; Vitamin D Related/Nuclear Receptor | HCI |
| Storage: | -20°C, sealed storage, away from moisture * In solvent : -80°C, 6 months; -20°C, 1 month (sealed storage, away from moisture) | |

SOLVENT & SOLUBILITY

| In Vitro | DMSO : 25 mg/mL (77.66 mM; ultrasonic and warming and heat to 60°C) | | | | | |
|----------|---|---------------------------------------|--------------------|------------|------------|--|
| | Preparing Stock Solutions | Solvent Mass Concentration | 1 mg | 5 mg | 10 mg | |
| | | 1 mM | 3.1063 mL | 15.5313 mL | 31.0627 mL | |
| | | 5 mM | 0.6213 mL | 3.1063 mL | 6.2125 mL | |
| | | 10 mM | 0.3106 mL | 1.5531 mL | 3.1063 mL | |
| | Please refer to the so | lubility information to select the ap | propriate solvent. | | | |
| In Vivo | 1. Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 40% PEG300 >> 5% Tween-80 >> 45% saline Solubility: ≥ 2.5 mg/mL (7.77 mM); Clear solution | | | | | |
| | 2. Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% (20% SBE-β-CD in saline) Solubility: ≥ 2.5 mg/mL (7.77 mM); Clear solution | | | | | |
| | 3. Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% corn oil Solubility: ≥ 2.5 mg/mL (7.77 mM); Clear solution | | | | | |

| BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY | | | | |
|---------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| | | | | |
| Description | Leelamine hydrochloride is a tricyclic diterpene molecule that is extracted from the bark of pine trees ^[1] . Leelamine hydrochloride is a cannabinoid receptor type 1 (CB1) agonist and a inhibitor of SREBP1-regulated fatty acid/lipid synthesis in prostate cancer cells that is not affected by androgen receptor status. Leelamine hydrochloride suppresses transcriptional activity of androgen receptor, which is known to regulate fatty acid synthesis ^[2,3] . | | | |
| IC ₅₀ & Target | CB1 | | | |



REFERENCES

[1]. Kuzu OF, et al. Leelamine mediates cancer cell death through inhibition of intracellular cholesterol transport. Mol Cancer Ther. 2014 Jul;13(7):1690-703.

[2]. A.O. Ibegbu, et al. Therapeutic Potentials and uses of Cannabinoid Agonists in Health and Disease Conditions. British Journal of Pharmacology and Toxicology 3(2): 76-88, 2012

[3]. Singh KB, et al. Leelamine is a Novel Lipogenesis Inhibitor in Prostate Cancer Cells In Vitro and In Vivo. Mol Cancer Ther. 2019 Aug 8.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

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