Product Data Sheet



Lck Inhibitor

Cat. No.: HY-12072 CAS No.: 847950-09-8 Molecular Formula: $C_{31}H_{30}N_8O$

Molecular Weight: 530.62 Target: Src

Pathway: Protein Tyrosine Kinase/RTK

-20°C Storage: Powder 3 years 4°C

2 years In solvent -80°C 2 years

> -20°C 1 year

SOLVENT & SOLUBILITY

In Vitro

DMSO: 100 mg/mL (188.46 mM; Need ultrasonic)

	Solvent Mass Concentration	1 mg	5 mg	10 mg
Preparing Stock Solutions	1 mM	1.8846 mL	9.4229 mL	18.8459 mL
	5 mM	0.3769 mL	1.8846 mL	3.7692 mL
	10 mM	0.1885 mL	0.9423 mL	1.8846 mL

Please refer to the solubility information to select the appropriate solvent.

In Vivo

- 1. Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 40% PEG300 >> 5% Tween-80 >> 45% saline Solubility: ≥ 2.5 mg/mL (4.71 mM); Clear solution
- 2. Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% corn oil Solubility: ≥ 2.5 mg/mL (4.71 mM); Clear solution

BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

Description

Lck Inhibitor is a potent, orally active Lck (lymphocyte specific kinase) inhibitor with IC50s of 7, 2.1, 4.2 and 200 nM for Lck, Lyn, Src and Syk kinases, respectively. Lck Inhibitor shows >1000-fold selectivity for Lck over MAPK, CDK and RSK family representatives. Lck Inhibitor inhibits T cell proliferation and in vivo models of arthritis^[1].

In Vitro

Lck Inhibitor (compound 25) exhibits good potency in the T-cell receptor-induced IL-2 secretion assay (IL-2, IC₅₀=0.46 μM) and also inhibits subsequent T-cell proliferation (T-cell prolif, IC_{50} =0.53 μ M) in the same human T-cells. Lck Inhibitor also inhibits a human mixed lymphocyte reaction (huMLR) with a 10-fold increase in potency as compared to the other invitro cell assays utilizing purified human cells. Lck Inhibitor also displays inhibition of a mechanism-based biochemical cell assay probing Lck-dependent TCR-chain phosphorylation (TCR-chain). Lck Inhibitor shows a 10-fold reduction in potency when IL-2 is induced in a receptor-independent fashion by stimulating with phorbo lester and calcium ionophore (PMA/iono). Lck

Inhibitor exhibits a similar level of potency when tested in a general proliferation assay using the human T-cell line, Jurkat (JKT)^[1].

MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

In Vivo

Lck Inhibitor (0-60 mg/kg; p.o.; once daily; from day 9 today 17) shows a dose-dependent inhibition of arthritis [1]. ?Lck Inhibitor (p.o.; 5 mg/kg) treatment shows the C_{max} , $AUC_{0-\infty}$, t_{max} and F% are 82 ng/mL, 862 ng h/mL, and 17%, respectively [1].

MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

Animal Model:	Male Lewis rat (adjuvant-inducedarthritis model) $^{ m [1]}$	
Dosage:	0, 30, and 60 mg/kg	
Administration:	P.o.; once daily; from day 9 today 17	
Result:	Showed a dose-dependent inhibition of arthritis, with an ED ₅₀ estimated at 24 mg/l	
Animal Model:	Sprague-Dawley Rats ^[1]	
Dosage:	P.o. (Pharmacokinetic Analysis)	
Administration:	5 mg/kg	
Result:	The C _{max} , AUC _{0-∞} , t _{max} and F% were 82 ng/mL, 862 ng h/mL, and 17%, respectively.	

CUSTOMER VALIDATION

J Immunother Cancer. 2023 Jul;11(7):e006785.

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REFERENCES

[1]. Martin, Matthew W.; Newcomb, John; Nunes, Joseph J.; et al. Structure-Based Design of Novel 2-Amino-6-phenyl-pyrimido[5',4':5,6]pyrimido[1,2-a]benzimidazol-5(6H)ones as Potent and Orally Active Inhibitors of Lymphocyte Specific Kinase (Lck): Synthesis, SAR, and In Vivo Anti-Inflammatory Activity. Journal of Medicinal Chemistry (2008), 51(6), 1637-1648.

[2]. Liew, Chin Y.; Ma, Xiao H.; Liu, Xianghui; Yap, Chun W. SVM Model for Virtual Screening of Lck Inhibitors. Journal of Chemical Information and Modeling (2009), 49(4), 877-885.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

Tel: 609-228-6898

Fax: 609-228-5909

E-mail: tech@MedChemExpress.com

Address: 1 Deer Park Dr, Suite Q, Monmouth Junction, NJ 08852, USA