Proteins

Product Data Sheet



Lanoconazole

Cat. No.: HY-14282 CAS No.: 101530-10-3 Molecular Formula: $C_{14}H_{10}CIN_3S_2$ Molecular Weight: 319.83 Target: Fungal Pathway: Anti-infection

Storage: Powder -20°C

3 years 2 years

-80°C In solvent 2 years

> -20°C 1 year

SOLVENT & SOLUBILITY

In Vitro

DMSO: 100 mg/mL (312.67 mM; Need ultrasonic)

Preparing Stock Solutions	Solvent Mass Concentration	1 mg	5 mg	10 mg
	1 mM	3.1267 mL	15.6333 mL	31.2666 mL
	5 mM	0.6253 mL	3.1267 mL	6.2533 mL
	10 mM	0.3127 mL	1.5633 mL	3.1267 mL

Please refer to the solubility information to select the appropriate solvent.

In Vivo

- 1. Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 40% PEG300 >> 5% Tween-80 >> 45% saline Solubility: ≥ 2.5 mg/mL (7.82 mM); Clear solution
- 2. Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% (20% SBE-β-CD in saline) Solubility: 2.5 mg/mL (7.82 mM); Suspended solution; Need ultrasonic
- 3. Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% corn oil Solubility: ≥ 2.5 mg/mL (7.82 mM); Clear solution

BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

Description

Lanoconazole is a potent and orally active imidazole antifungal agent, shows a broad spectrum of activity against fungi in $vitro\ and\ in\ vivo^{[1]}.\ Lanoconazole\ interferes\ with\ ergosterol\ biosynthesis\ by\ inhibiting\ sterol\ 14-alpha\ demethylase\ and\ sterol\ biosynthesis\ by\ inhibiting\ sterol\ 14-alpha\ demethylase\ and\ sterol\ biosynthesis\ by\ inhibiting\ sterol\ 14-alpha\ demethylase\ and\ sterol\ biosynthesis\ by\ inhibiting\ sterol\ biosynthesis\ biosynthesis\ by\ inhibiting\ sterol\ biosynthesis\ biosynthesis\ biosynthesis\ by\ inhibiting\ sterol\ biosynthesis\ biosynthesis\ biosynthesis\ biosynthesis\ biosynthesis\ biosynthesis\ biosynthesis\ by\ biosynthesis\ b$ blocking fungal membrane ergosterol biosynthesis. Lanoconazole can be used for the investigation of dermatophytosis and onychomycosis[1][2].

IC₅₀ & Target

IC50: antifungal^[1]

In Vivo

Lanoconazole (treatment for ear; 0.3%-3%; 6 days) dose \(\text{dependently suppressesTPA-induced irritant dermatitis,} \) suppresses the production of neutrophil chemotactic factors such as keratinocyte \(\text{derived chemokine} \) and inhibited neutrophil infiltration to the inflammation site \(\text{[2]} \).

Lanoconazole (oral administration; 3, 10 or 30 mg/kg; once a day; 3 weeks) significantly inhibits C. neoformans compared with the saline control in normal mice. In addition, it significantly reduces the growth of C. neoformans in the lungs and brains of MAIDS mice^[3].

MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

Animal Model:	BALB/c mice ^[2]		
Dosage:	0.3%-3% dosage		
Administration:	Treatment for ear		
Result:	Exhibited an inhibition effect of LCZ on ear swelling induced by topical application of TPA in mice.		
Animal Model:	Four week old C57BL/6 mice infected intraperitoneally with LP-BM5 murine leukaemia virus ^[3]		
Dosage:	3, 10 or 30 mg/kg		
Administration:	Oral adminstration		
Result:	Inhibited C. neoformans growth in both normal and C. neoformans -induced encephaliti MAIDS mice .		

REFERENCES

- [1]. Shokoohi GR, et al. In Vitro Activities of Luliconazole, Lanoconazole, and Efinaconazole Compared with Those of Five Antifungal Drugs against Melanized Fungi and Relatives. Antimicrob Agents Chemother. 2017 Oct 24;61(11). pii: e00635-17.
- [2]. Nakamura A, et al. Anti-inflammatory effect of lanoconazole on 12-O-tetradecanoylphorbol-13-acetate- and 2,4,6-trinitrophenyl chloride-induced skin inflammation in mice. Mycoses. 2020 Feb;63(2):189-196.
- [3]. Furukawa K, et al. Lanoconazole, a new imidazole antimycotic compound, protects MAIDS mice against encephalitis caused by Cryptococcus neoformans. J Antimicrob Chemother. 2000 Sep;46(3):443-50.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

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