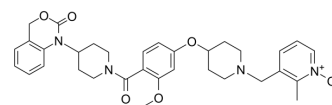


L-372662

Cat. No.:	HY-15011		
CAS No.:	162045-26-3		
Molecular Formula:	C ₃₃ H ₃₈ N ₄ O ₆		
Molecular Weight:	586.68		
Target:	Oxytocin Receptor		
Pathway:	GPCR/G Protein		
Storage:	Powder	-20°C	3 years
		4°C	2 years
	In solvent	-80°C	6 months
		-20°C	1 month



SOLVENT & SOLUBILITY

In Vitro	DMSO : 100 mg/mL (170.45 mM; Need ultrasonic)			
		Solvent Concentration	Mass	
			1 mg	5 mg
			10 mg	
Preparing Stock Solutions	1 mM	1.7045 mL	8.5225 mL	17.0451 mL
	5 mM	0.3409 mL	1.7045 mL	3.4090 mL
	10 mM	0.1705 mL	0.8523 mL	1.7045 mL
Please refer to the solubility information to select the appropriate solvent.				
In Vivo	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 40% PEG300 >> 5% Tween-80 >> 45% saline Solubility: ≥ 2.5 mg/mL (4.26 mM); Clear solution Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% (20% SBE-β-CD in saline) Solubility: ≥ 2.5 mg/mL (4.26 mM); Clear solution Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% corn oil Solubility: ≥ 2.5 mg/mL (4.26 mM); Clear solution 			

BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

Description	L-372662 is a potent and orally active non-peptide oxytocin antagonist with a K _i value of 4.8. The K _d value of L-372662 for wild-type hOTR and [A318G]OTR is 5.8 nM and 73 nM. L-372662 shows selectivity to OTR:V _{1aR} ^{[1][2]} .
IC ₅₀ & Target	Ki: 4.8 (oxytocin) ^{[1][2]}
In Vivo	L-372662 is an antagonist of oxytocin-induced uterine contractions in late gestation pregnant rhesus monkeys (AD50 = 36 micrograms/kg), oral bioavailability (F = 90% in dogs), and aqueous solubility (10 mg/mL).

MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

REFERENCES

- [1]. Bell, I. M., Erb, J. M., Freidinger, R. M., Gallicchio, S. N., Guare, J. P., Guidotti, M. T., ... Woyden, C. J. (1998). Development of Orally Active Oxytocin Antagonists: Studies on 1-(1-[4-[1-(2-Methyl-1-oxidopyridin-3-ylmethyl)piperidin-4-yloxy]-2-methoxy]-4-phenyl)-2-pyrrolidinone. *J. Med. Chem.* 41:1033-1044.
- [2]. Hawtin SR, et al. A Gly/Ala switch contributes to high affinity binding of benzoxazinone-based non-peptide oxytocin receptor antagonists. *FEBS Lett.* 2005;579(2):349-356.
- [3]. Williams PD, et al. Progress in the development of oxytocin antagonists for use in preterm labor. *Adv Exp Med Biol.* 1998;449:473-479.
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Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

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