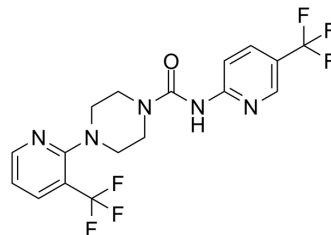


JNJ-17203212

Cat. No.:	HY-100129		
CAS No.:	821768-06-3		
Molecular Formula:	C ₁₇ H ₁₅ F ₆ N ₅ O		
Molecular Weight:	419.32		
Target:	TRP Channel		
Pathway:	Membrane Transporter/Ion Channel; Neuronal Signaling		
Storage:	Powder	-20°C	3 years
		4°C	2 years
	In solvent	-80°C	2 years
		-20°C	1 year



SOLVENT & SOLUBILITY

In Vitro

DMSO : ≥ 100 mg/mL (238.48 mM)
 * "≥" means soluble, but saturation unknown.

Concentration	Mass		
	1 mg	5 mg	10 mg
1 mM	2.3848 mL	11.9241 mL	23.8481 mL
5 mM	0.4770 mL	2.3848 mL	4.7696 mL
10 mM	0.2385 mL	1.1924 mL	2.3848 mL

Please refer to the solubility information to select the appropriate solvent.

In Vivo

- Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 40% PEG300 >> 5% Tween-80 >> 45% saline
 Solubility: ≥ 2.75 mg/mL (6.56 mM); Clear solution
- Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% corn oil
 Solubility: ≥ 2.75 mg/mL (6.56 mM); Clear solution

BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

Description

JNJ-17203212 is a selective, potent and competitive TRPV1 antagonist. JNJ-17203212 is developed for researching pain management, such as migraine^{[1][2]}.

IC₅₀ & Target

TRPV1

In Vitro

JNJ-17203212 (0.5 μM) potently inhibits imperatorin-induced TRPV1 activation (Ca²⁺ increases) in TRPV1-expressing HEK cells^[1].

MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

In Vivo

JNJ-17203212 (0.3 mg/kg ; i.v.) dose-dependently reduces inflammatory soup (IS)-induced the immediate early gene c-fos expression^[2].

JNJ-17203212 completely blocks capsaicin-induced CGRP (the neurotransmitter calcitonin gene-related peptide) release in a dose-dependent manner^[2].

MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

Animal Model:	Male Sprague-Dawley rats (260-300 g) ^[2]
Dosage:	0.3 mg/kg
Administration:	Intravenous injection
Result:	Had a dose-dependent effect on the elevated c-fos expression that occurred after intracisternal injection of IS.

CUSTOMER VALIDATION

- EBioMedicine. 2022 Oct;84:104258.

See more customer validations on www.MedChemExpress.com

REFERENCES

[1]. Xingjuan Chen, et al. Furanocoumarins are a novel class of modulators for the transient receptor potential vanilloid type 1 (TRPV1) channel. J Biol Chem. 2014 Apr 4; 289(14): 9600-9610.

[2]. Jannis E Meents, et al. Two TRPV1 receptor antagonists are effective in two different experimental models of migraine. J Headache Pain. 2015; 16: 57.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

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