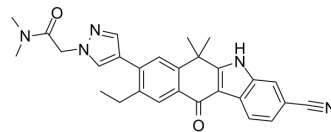


JH-VIII-157-02

| | | | |
|---------------------------|---|-------|---------|
| Cat. No.: | HY-112140 | | |
| CAS No.: | 1639422-97-1 | | |
| Molecular Formula: | C ₂₈ H ₂₇ N ₅ O ₂ | | |
| Molecular Weight: | 465.55 | | |
| Target: | Anaplastic lymphoma kinase (ALK) | | |
| Pathway: | Protein Tyrosine Kinase/RTK | | |
| Storage: | Powder | -20°C | 3 years |
| | | 4°C | 2 years |
| | In solvent | -80°C | 2 years |
| | | -20°C | 1 year |



SOLVENT & SOLUBILITY

In Vitro

DMSO : ≥ 25 mg/mL (53.70 mM)
 * "≥" means soluble, but saturation unknown.

| Preparing Stock Solutions | Solvent | Mass | 1 mg | 5 mg | 10 mg |
|---------------------------|---------------|------|-----------|------------|------------|
| | Concentration | | | | |
| | 1 mM | | 2.1480 mL | 10.7400 mL | 21.4800 mL |
| | 5 mM | | 0.4296 mL | 2.1480 mL | 4.2960 mL |
| | 10 mM | | 0.2148 mL | 1.0740 mL | 2.1480 mL |

Please refer to the solubility information to select the appropriate solvent.

BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

Description

JH-VIII-157-02 is a structural analogue of alectinib, acts as an ALK inhibitor, and shows an IC₅₀ of 2 nM for echinoderm microtubule-associated protein-like 4-ALK (EML4-ALK) G1202R in cells.

IC₅₀ & Target

IC₅₀: 2 nM (EML4-ALK G1202R, cell assay), 2 nM (EML4-ALK^{wt}, cell assay), 2 nM (EML4-ALK C1156Y, cell assay), 2 nM (EML4-ALK F1174L, cell assay), 2 nM (EML4-ALK F1174L, cell assay)^[1]

In Vitro

JH-VIII-157-02 is a structural analogue of alectinib, acts as an ALK inhibitor, and shows an IC₅₀ of 2 nM for echinoderm microtubule-associated protein-like 4-ALK (EML4-ALK) G1202R in cells. JH-VIII-157-02 also potently inhibits EML4-ALK^{wt} (Eawt), EAC1156Y, EAF1174L, EAS1206Y (IC₅₀, 2 nM), EAG1269A (IC₅₀, 3 nM), EAL1196M (IC₅₀, 58 nM), EA1151Tins (IC₅₀, 107 nM), and EAL1152R (IC₅₀, 196 nM). Moreover, JH-VIII-157-02 has selectivity at other kinases, including IRAK1, CLK4, RET, RET V804L, RET V804M and IRAK 4, and the IC₅₀s are 14 nM, 14 nM, 3 nM, 13 nM, 12 nM, and 465 nM respectively. JH-VIII-157-02 exhibits inhibitory growth of cancer cell lines, such as H3122, DFCl76 (L1152R) with EC₅₀s of 5, 19 nM, respectively^[1]. MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

In Vivo

JH-VIII-157-02 exhibits good oral bioavailability following an oral dose of 10 mg/kg in mice. JH-VIII-157-02 also penetrates the CNS of mice^[1].
MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

PROTOCOL

Cell Assay ^[1]

Cells are seeded at 4000 per well in 96 well plates and exposed to JH-VIII-157-02 in triplicate at 1 nM to 10 μ M for 72 hours. Cell viability is evaluated using CellTiter-Glo Luminescent Cell Viability Assay. IC₅₀ values are calculated by nonlinear regression (variable slope) using GraphPad Prism 5 software. Each experiment is repeated for at least twice^[1].
MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

REFERENCES

[1]. Hatcher JM, et al. Discovery of Inhibitors That Overcome the G1202R Anaplastic Lymphoma Kinase Resistance Mutation. J Med Chem. 2015 Dec 10;58(23):9296-9308.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

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