

Product Data Sheet

IRG1-IN-1

Cat. No.: HY-148335 CAS No.: 2407652-42-8 Molecular Formula: $C_{_{18}}H_{_{15}}FO_{_4}$ Molecular Weight: 314.31

Target: Others
Pathway: Others

Storage: 4°C, sealed storage, away from moisture and light

* In solvent: -80°C, 6 months; -20°C, 1 month (sealed storage, away from moisture

and light)

SOLVENT & SOLUBILITY

In Vitro

DMSO: 100 mg/mL (318.16 mM; Need ultrasonic)

Preparing Stock Solutions	Solvent Mass Concentration	1 mg	5 mg	10 mg
	1 mM	3.1816 mL	15.9079 mL	31.8157 mL
	5 mM	0.6363 mL	3.1816 mL	6.3631 mL
	10 mM	0.3182 mL	1.5908 mL	3.1816 mL

Please refer to the solubility information to select the appropriate solvent.

In Vivo

- 1. Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 40% PEG300 >> 5% Tween-80 >> 45% saline Solubility: ≥ 2.5 mg/mL (7.95 mM); Clear solution
- 2. Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% (20% SBE-β-CD in saline) Solubility: ≥ 2.5 mg/mL (7.95 mM); Clear solution
- Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% corn oil Solubility: ≥ 2.5 mg/mL (7.95 mM); Clear solution

BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

Description

IRG1-IN-1 is an itaconic acid derivative. IRG1-IN-1 can inhibit immune-responsive gene 1 (IRG1) activity. IRG1-IN-1 can be used for the research of cancer, inflammation and autoimmune diseases^[1].

In Vitro

IRG1-IN-1(compound 6) (0.5 mM; 2 mM) reduces production of itaconic acid and the secretion of TNF α from LPS-stimulated human monocyte derived macrophages (hMDMs) [1].

IRG1-IN-1 (0.5 mM; 1 mM) inhibits the proliferation of C-IRG1-9 rat glioma cells^[1].

IRG1-IN-1(10 nM) increases proliferation of TCR-activated hCD8 $^+$ T cells $^{[1]}$.

 $IRG1-IN-1(10\mu\text{M}) \text{ shows depletion of trimethylation of histone 3 at lysine 4 (H3K4me3) in CR-activated hCD8^+T cells} \\ IRG1-IN-1(10\mu\text{M}) \text{ shows depletion of trimethylation of histone 3 at lysine 4 (H3K4me3) in CR-activated hCD8^+T cells} \\ IRG1-IN-1(10\mu\text{M}) \text{ shows depletion of trimethylation of histone 3 at lysine 4 (H3K4me3) in CR-activated hCD8^+T cells} \\ IRG1-IN-1(10\mu\text{M}) \text{ shows depletion of trimethylation of histone 3 at lysine 4 (H3K4me3) in CR-activated hCD8^+T cells} \\ IRG1-IN-1(10\mu\text{M}) \text{ shows depletion of trimethylation of histone 3 at lysine 4 (H3K4me3) in CR-activated hCD8^+T cells} \\ IRG1-IN-1(10\mu\text{M}) \text{ shows depletion of trimethylation of histone 3 at lysine 4 (H3K4me3) in CR-activated hCD8^+T cells} \\ IRG1-IN-1(10\mu\text{M}) \text{ shows depletion of histone 3 at lysine 4 (H3K4me3) in CR-activated hCD8^+T cells} \\ IRG1-IN-1(10\mu\text{M}) \text{ shows depletion of histone 3 at lysine 4 (H3K4me3) in CR-activated hCD8^+T cells} \\ IRG1-IN-1(10\mu\text{M}) \text{ shows depletion of histone 3 at lysine 4 (H3K4me3) in CR-activated hCD8^+T cells} \\ IRG1-IN-1(10\mu\text{M}) \text{ shows depletion of histone 3 at lysine 4 (H3K4me3) in CR-activated hCD8^+T cells} \\ IRG1-IN-1(10\mu\text{M}) \text{ shows depletion of histone 3 (H3K4me3) in CR-activated hCD8^+T cells} \\ IRG1-IN-1(10\mu\text{M}) \text{ shows depletion of histone 3 (H3K4me3) in CR-activated hCD8^+T cells} \\ IRG1-IN-1(10\mu\text{M}) \text{ shows depletion of histone 3 (H3K4me3) in CR-activated hCD8^+T cells} \\ IRG1-IN-1(10\mu\text{M}) \text{ shows depletion of histone 3 (H3K4me3) in CR-activated hCD8^+T cells} \\ IRG1-IN-1(10\mu\text{M}) \text{ shows depletion of histone 3 (H3K4me3) in CR-activated hCD8^+T cells} \\ IRG1-IN-1(10\mu\text{M}) \text{ shows depletion of histone 3 (H3K4me3) in CR-activated hCD8^+T cells} \\ IRG1-IN-1(10\mu\text{M}) \text{ shows depletion of histone 3 (H3K4me3) in CR-activated hCD8^+T cells} \\ IRG1-IN-1(10\mu\text{M}) \text{ shows depletion of histone 3 (H3K4me3) in CR-activated hCD8^+T cells} \\ IRG1-IN-1(10\mu\text{M}) \text{ shows depletion of histone 3 (H3K4me3) in CR-activated hCD8^+T cells} \\ IRG1-IN-1(10\mu\text{M}) \text{ shows de$

MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only. Western Blot Analysis $^{[1]}$ Cell Line: TCR-activated hCD8⁺ T cells Concentration: $10~\mu M$ Incubation Time: 24-72 h Result: Decreased protein levels of histone 3 (H3). Cell Proliferation Assay[1]Cell Line: C-IRG1-9 rat glioma cells and TCR-activated hCD8⁺ T cells Concentration: 0.5 mM; 1 mM; 10 nM Incubation Time: 48-96 h Result: Inhibited the proliferation of C-IRG1-9 rat glioma cells and increased proliferation of TCRactivated hCD8⁺ T cells.

In Vivo

IRG1-IN-1 (compound 6) (i.p.; 0.2 mg/kg; 27 days) shows antitumor effect in C57BL/6 mice^[1].

MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

Animal Model:	C57BL/6 mice ^[1]	
Dosage:	0.2 mg/kg	
Administration:	IP; 27 days	
Result:	Increased survival of C57BL/6 mice bearing mouse CT26 colorectal tumors. Decreased intratumoral frequency of M-MDSCs in tumors.	

REFERENCES

 $[1]. Adonia\ Papathanassiu, et\ al.\ Compositions\ and\ methods\ of\ using\ itaconic\ acid\ derivatives.\ Patent.\ US20210261495A1.$

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

Tel: 609-228-6898

Fax: 609-228-5909

E-mail: tech@MedChemExpress.com

Address: 1 Deer Park Dr, Suite Q, Monmouth Junction, NJ 08852, USA