IACS-010759

®

MedChemExpress

Cat. No.:	HY-112037			
CAS No.:	1570496-34	-2		
Molecular Formula:	C ₂₅ H ₂₅ F ₃ N ₆ O	₄ S		
Molecular Weight:	562.56			
Target:	Apoptosis; Mitochondrial Metabolism; Oxidative Phosphorylation			
Pathway:	Apoptosis; Metabolic Enzyme/Protease			
Storage:	Powder	-20°C	3 years	
		4°C	2 years	
	In solvent	-80°C	1 year	
		-20°C	6 months	

SOLVENT & SOLUBILITY

		Solvent Mass Concentration	1 mg	5 mg	10 mg		
	Preparing Stock Solutions	1 mM	1.7776 mL	8.8879 mL	17.7759 mL		
	5 mM	0.3555 mL	1.7776 mL	3.5552 mL			
		10 mM	0.1778 mL	0.8888 mL	1.7776 mL		
	Please refer to the so	Please refer to the solubility information to select the appropriate solvent.					
n Vivo	1. Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 40% PEG300 >> 5% Tween-80 >> 45% saline Solubility: 2.08 mg/mL (3.70 mM); Suspended solution; Need ultrasonic						
		one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% cor ng/mL (3.70 mM); Clear solution	n oil				

BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY					
Description	IACS-010759 is an orally active, potent mitochondrial complex I of oxidative phosphorylation (OXPHOS) inhibitor. IACS- 010759 inhibits proliferation and induces apoptosis in models of brain cancer and acute myeloid leukemia (AML) reliant on OXPHOS. IACS-010759 has the potential for relapsed/refractory AML and solid tumors research ^{[1][2]} .				
IC ₅₀ & Target	OXPHOS ^[1]				
In Vitro	IACS-010759 (10, 30, 100 nM; for 4 or 5 days) reduces viability and induces apoptosis in primary AML ^[1] . IACS-010759 (0.001, 0.01, 0.1, 1, 10, 100, 1000 nM; 72 hurs) robustly inhibits both OCR and galactose-dependent H460 cell viability and has nearly identical IC ₅₀ values of 1.4 nM ^[1] . IACS-010759 is similarly active in mouse (average IC ₅₀ = 5.6 nM), rat (IC ₅₀ = 12.2 nM), and cynomolgus monkey (IC50 = 8.7 nM)				

Product Data Sheet

cell	lines	[1]

IACS-010759 (0.01-10 μ M) yieldes a maximal reduction of growth of > 50% in the majority of cancer cell lines (24 of 30 pancreatic (PDAC), 19 of 20 ovarian, 13 of 16 triple-negative breast (TNBC), 8 of 10 non-small-cell lung (NSCLC)) and a subset (11of 30 PDAC, 10 of 20 ovarian, 5 of 16 TNBC, 2 of 10 NSCLC) exhibited > 100% growth inhibition^[1]. MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

In Vivo IACS-010759 (5, 10, 25 mg/kg/day; oral; for 21 d) results in tumor regression with minimal body weight loss at the 5 or 10 mg/kg dose in mice bearing NB-1 (PGD-null) subcutaneous xenografts. IACS-010759 at the 25 mg/kg dose is not tolerated^[1]. IACS-010759 HCl (10 mg/kg; orally; QD (daily) or QD×5 (5 d on/2 d off); for 35 d) increases median survival from 28 d to longer than 60 d, whereas less-frequent dosing schedules (Q2D or Q3D) enhances survival to a lesser extent^[1]. IACS-010759 (0.3 mg/kg for iv; 1 mg/kg for oral) has low plasma clearance with a high volume of distribution, resulting in a prolonged terminal half-life (>24 h)^[1]. MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

CUSTOMER VALIDATION

- Cell Discov. 2022 Oct 6;8(1):102.
- Nat Commun. 2023 Jul 14;14(1):4221.
- Cell Rep Med. 2022 Nov 3;100802.
- Biochem Biophys Res Commun. 2023 Jun 1.
- Biochem Biophys Res Commun. 2021 Mar 16;552:23-29.

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REFERENCES

[1]. Protopopova M. IACS-10759: A novel OXPHOS inhibitor which selectively kill tumors with metabolic vulnerabilities. [abstract]. In: Proceedings of the 106th Annual Meeting of the American Association for Cancer Research; 2015 Apr 18-22; Philadelphia, PA. Philadelphia (PA): AACR; Cancer Res 2015;75(15 Suppl): Abstract nr 4380. doi:10.1158/1538-7445.AM2015-4380

[2]. Jennifer R Molina, et al. An inhibitor of oxidative phosphorylation exploits cancer vulnerability. Nat Med. 2018 Jul;24(7):1036-1046.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

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