

Product Data Sheet

Halopemide

 $\begin{array}{lll} \textbf{Cat. No.:} & \textbf{HY-119093} \\ \textbf{CAS No.:} & 59831\text{-}65\text{-}1 \\ \\ \textbf{Molecular Formula:} & \textbf{C}_{21}\textbf{H}_{22}\textbf{ClFN}_4\textbf{O}_2 \\ \end{array}$

Molecular Weight: 416.88

Target: Phospholipase; Dopamine Receptor

In solvent

Pathway: Metabolic Enzyme/Protease; GPCR/G Protein; Neuronal Signaling

Storage: Powder -20°C 3 years

4°C 2 years
-80°C 6 months
-20°C 1 month

SOLVENT & SOLUBILITY

In Vitro

DMSO: 41.67 mg/mL (99.96 mM; Need ultrasonic)

Preparing Stock Solutions	Solvent Mass Concentration	1 mg	5 mg	10 mg
	1 mM	2.3988 mL	11.9939 mL	23.9877 mL
	5 mM	0.4798 mL	2.3988 mL	4.7975 mL
	10 mM	0.2399 mL	1.1994 mL	2.3988 mL

Please refer to the solubility information to select the appropriate solvent.

BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

Description	Halopemide is a potent phospholipase D (PLD) inhibitor, with IC ₅₀ s of 220 and 310 nM for human PLD1 and PLD2, respectively. Halopemid is a dopamine receptors antagonist, and acts a psychotropic agent ^{[1][2]} .					
IC ₅₀ & Target	D ₁ Receptor	D ₂ Receptor	PLD1 220 nM (IC ₅₀)	PLD2 310 nM (IC ₅₀)		
In Vitro	Halopemide (1-2 μ M; 21 day) affects calcification in transdifferentiated MOVAS cells ^[3] . MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.					
In Vivo	Halopemide (10 mg/kg; p.o.) induces dyskinesias in the majority of monkeys tested ^[2] .					

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REFERENCES

- [1]. Scott SA, et al. Design of isoform-selective phospholipase D inhibitors that modulate cancer cell invasiveness. Nat Chem Biol. 2009 Feb;5(2):108-17.
- [2]. Neale R, et al. Acute dyskinesias in monkeys elicited by halopemide, mezilamine and the "antidyskinetic" drugs, oxiperomide and tiapride. Psychopharmacology (Berl). 1981;75(3):254-7.

[3]. Skafi N, et al. Phospholipase D: A new mediator during high phosphate-induced vascular calcification associated with chronic kidney disease. J Cell Physiol. 2019 Apr;234(4):4825-4839.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

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