

Gut restricted-7

Cat. No.: HY-135747 CAS No.: 2553218-46-3 Molecular Formula: $C_{25}H_{40}FNaO_6S$

Molecular Weight: 510.63 Bacterial Target: Pathway: Anti-infection

Storage: 4°C, sealed storage, away from moisture

* In solvent: -80°C, 6 months; -20°C, 1 month (sealed storage, away from moisture)

Product Data Sheet

SOLVENT & SOLUBILITY

In Vitro

DMSO: 250 mg/mL (489.59 mM; Need ultrasonic)

 $H_2O : \ge 100 \text{ mg/mL} (195.84 \text{ mM})$

* "≥" means soluble, but saturation unknown.

Preparing Stock Solutions	Solvent Mass Concentration	1 mg	5 mg	10 mg
	1 mM	1.9584 mL	9.7918 mL	19.5837 mL
	5 mM	0.3917 mL	1.9584 mL	3.9167 mL
	10 mM	0.1958 mL	0.9792 mL	1.9584 mL

Please refer to the solubility information to select the appropriate solvent.

In Vivo

- 1. Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 40% PEG300 >> 5% Tween-80 >> 45% saline Solubility: ≥ 2.19 mg/mL (4.29 mM); Clear solution
- 2. Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% (20% SBE-β-CD in saline) Solubility: ≥ 2.08 mg/mL (4.07 mM); Clear solution
- 3. Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% corn oil Solubility: ≥ 2.08 mg/mL (4.07 mM); Clear solution

BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

Description	Gut restricted-7 (GR-7) is a potent, covalent and orally active pan-bile salt hydrolase (BSH) inhibitor. Gut restricted-7 has a tissue-selective and is restricted to the gut. Gut restricted-7 decreases gut bacterial BSHs and decreases deconjugated bile acid levels in feces of mice ^[1] .
IC ₅₀ & Target	Bile salt hydrolase (BSH) $^{[1]}$
In Vitro	BSH Inhibitor Gut restricted-7 (GR-7) (60 μM) does not affect epithelial barrier integrity of Caco-2 cells, suggesting that this

	compound is relatively nontoxic. Gut restricted-7 also does not affect microbial biomass $^{[1]}$. MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.
In Vivo	The C57BL/6 mice fed with either powdered chow containing 0.09% Gut restricted-7 (GR-7) (w/w) for 1 d day or powdered chow alone. Gut restricted-7 significant inhibits the BSH activity in the feces of inhibitortreated mice 8 h postdiet change. 20picomol/mg wet mass (\sim 20 μ M) of Gut restricted-7 in cecal contents is detected ^[1] . MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

REFERENCES

[1]. Adhikari AA, et al. Development of a covalent inhibitor of gut bacterial bile salt hydrolases. Nat Chem Biol. 2020 Mar;16(3):318-326.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

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