GSK2193874

| Cat. No.: | HY-100720 | | |
|--------------------|--|-------|---------|
| CAS No.: | 1336960-13-4 | | |
| Molecular Formula: | $C_{_{37}}H_{_{38}}BrF_{_3}N_{_4}O$ | | |
| Molecular Weight: | 691.62 | | |
| Target: | TRP Channel | | |
| Pathway: | Membrane Transporter/Ion Channel; Neuronal Signaling | | |
| Storage: | Powder | -20°C | 3 years |
| | | 4°C | 2 years |
| | In solvent | -80°C | 2 years |
| | | -20°C | 1 year |

SOLVENT & SOLUBILITY

| In Vitro | DMSO : 100 mg/mL (144.59 mM; Need ultrasonic) | | | | | | |
|------------------------------|---|-------------------------------|-----------|-----------|------------|--|--|
| Preparing Stock Solutions | Preparing Stock Solutions | Solvent Mass Concentration | 1 mg | 5 mg | 10 mg | | |
| | | 1 mM | 1.4459 mL | 7.2294 mL | 14.4588 mL | | |
| | 5 mM | 0.2892 mL | 1.4459 mL | 2.8918 mL | | | |
| | 10 mM | 0.1446 mL | 0.7229 mL | 1.4459 mL | | | |
| | Please refer to the solubility information to select the appropriate solvent. | | | | | | |
| In Vivo | 1. Add each solvent one by one: 5% DMSO >> 95% (20% SBE-β-CD in saline) Solubility: 2.5 mg/mL (3.61 mM); Suspended solution; Need ultrasonic | | | | | | |
| | 2. Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 40% PEG300 >> 5% Tween-80 >> 45% saline Solubility: ≥ 2.08 mg/mL (3.01 mM); Clear solution | | | | | | |
| | 3. Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% corn oil Solubility: ≥ 2.08 mg/mL (3.01 mM); Clear solution | | | | | | |

| 51020010,2710111 | |
|--------------------|--|
| Description | GSK2193874 is an orally active, potent, and selective TRPV4 antagonist with IC ₅₀ s of 2 nM and 40 nM for rTRPV4 and hTRPV4 [1]. |
| IC_{50} & Target | IC50: 2 nM (rTRPV4), 40 nM (hTRPV4) ^[1] |
| In Vitro | GSK2193874 is profiled against TRP channels and is selective against TRPV1, TRPA1, TRPC3, TRPC6, and TRPM8 (IC ₅₀ >25 μM) ^[1] . GSK2193874 is a selective, orally active TRPV4 blocker that inhibits Ca ²⁺ influx through recombinant TRPV4 channels and |

Product Data Sheet

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| | native endothelial TRPV4 currents. In whole-cell patch-clamp studies, GSK2193874 inhibits activation of recombinant TRPV4 currents when applied to the extracellular solution at 3 nM and above but is ineffective at up to 10 μM when applied to the inside of the cell by inclusion in the intracellular pipette solution ^[2] . MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only. |
|---------|---|
| In Vivo | The pharmacokinetic (PK) properties for GSK2193874 are evaluated in both rat and dog and found to have half-lives and oral exposure suitable for oral dosing in chronic animal models (Rat PK: iv CL=7.3 mL/min/kg, po t _{1/2} =10 h, %F=31. Dog PK: iv CL=6.9 mL/min/kg, po t _{1/2} =31 h, %F=53). In addition, GSK2193874 shows no blood pressure or heart rate effect in rats when dose up to 30 mg/kg. GSK2193874 is the first-in-class orally bioavailable TRPV4 inhibitor that demonstrated ability to improve pulmonary functions in a number of heart failure models ^[1] . GSK2193874 shows low clearance (7.3 mL/min/kg) and good rat oral bioavailability (31%) ^[2] . MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only. |

PROTOCOL

| Animal Administration ^[2] | Rats ^[2] Adult male Sprague-Dawley rats (n=7 to 8 per group) are treated with vehicle (6% Cavitron) or GSK2193874 (30 mg/kg per day) via oral gavage for at least 4 days before osmotic challenges. Rats undergo acute and chronic hyper- and hypo-osmotic challenges. Sprague-Dawley rats are administered vehicle (0.9% NaCl, 25 mL/kg), NSC 269420 (30 mg/kg), or hydrochlorothiazide (30 mg/kg) via oral gavage. Urine is then collected over 4 hours followed by blood sampling. Rats recover for 4 days and then receive GSK2193874 (30 mg/kg per day oral gavage) for 5 days before repeating the diuretic challenge. |
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| | MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only. |

CUSTOMER VALIDATION

- Autophagy. 2021 Nov;17(11):3592-3606.
- J Nanobiotechnology. 2022 Jul 6;20(1):314.
- Acta Pharmacol Sin. 2022 Sep 23.
- J Leukoc Biol. 2023 May 26;qiad063.
- J Ethnopharmacol. 2022 Feb 11;290:115105.

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REFERENCES

[1]. Cheung M, et al. Discovery of GSK2193874: An Orally Active, Potent, and Selective Blocker of Transient Receptor Potential Vanilloid 4. ACS Med Chem Lett. 2017 Mar 20;8(5):549-554.

[2]. Thorneloe KS, et al. An orally active TRPV4 channel blocker prevents and resolves pulmonary edema induced by heart failure. Sci Transl Med. 2012 Nov 7;4(159):159ra148.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

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