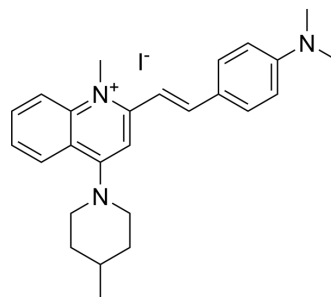


FtsZ-IN-1

Cat. No.:	HY-146595
CAS No.:	2516246-24-3
Molecular Formula:	C ₂₆ H ₃₂ IN ₃
Molecular Weight:	513.46
Target:	Bacterial
Pathway:	Anti-infection
Storage:	Please store the product under the recommended conditions in the Certificate of Analysis.



BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

Description	FtsZ-IN-1 is a potent FtsZ inhibitor with quinolinium ring. FtsZ-IN-1 has stronger antibacterial activity against Gram-positive bacteria with MICs of 0.5-8 µg/mL. FtsZ-IN-1 significantly causes cell elongation of <i>B. subtilis</i> by enhancing FtsZ polymerization. FtsZ-IN-1 exhibits low hemolytic toxicity and low tendency to induce agent resistance. FtsZ-IN-1 has against drug-resistant bacteria activity ^[1] .								
IC₅₀ & Target	FtsZ ^[1]								
In Vitro	<p>FtsZ-IN-1 (compound A3) inhibits effectively the growth of <i>S. aureus</i> with MICs of 0.5-1 µg/mL, and generally displays less antibacterial potency against most Gram-negative bacteria tested such as <i>E. coli</i> ATCC 8739 (MIC = 64 µg/mL) and <i>P. Aeruginosa</i> ATCC 27853 (MIC >64 µg/mL)^[1].</p> <p>FtsZ-IN-1 exhibits MBCs of 4-8 µg/mL and MICs of 1-4 µg/mL against <i>S. aureus</i>, <i>B. subtilis</i> and <i>E. faecium</i>^[1].</p> <p>FtsZ-IN-1 (0-24 µg/mL; 24 hours) inhibits the growth of <i>S. aureus</i> in a bacteriostatic mode at 1×, 2×, 4× MIC concentrations, and kills <i>S. aureus</i> at 8× MIC concentration^[1].</p> <p>FtsZ-IN-1 can restore the antibacterial activity of methicillin against MRSA in a synergistic manner, with MIC of 2 µg/mL^[1].</p> <p>FtsZ-IN-1 (2 µg/mL; 4 hours) can enlarge cell size of <i>B. subtilis</i> and inhibits bacterial cell division^[1].</p> <p>FtsZ-IN-1 (0-15 µg/mL; 48 hours) exhibits IC₅₀s of 12.77 and 9.42 µg/mL in L929 and HK-2 cells^[1].</p> <p>FtsZ-IN-1 (2 µg/mL) can effectively delay the induction of drug resistance^[1].</p> <p>In a Hemolytic activity assay, FtsZ-IN-1 (1-64 µg/mL; 1 hour) exhibits low hemolytic toxicity in mice erythrocytes (from Kunming mice) with IC₅ of 64 µg/mL^[1].</p> <p>MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.</p> <p>Cell Cytotoxicity Assay</p> <table border="1"> <tr> <td>Cell Line:</td> <td>L929 and HK-2 cells^[1]</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Concentration:</td> <td>0-15 µg/mL</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Incubation Time:</td> <td>48 hours</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Result:</td> <td>Exhibited IC₅₀s of 12.77 and 9.42 µg/mL in L929 and HK-2 cells.</td> </tr> </table>	Cell Line:	L929 and HK-2 cells ^[1]	Concentration:	0-15 µg/mL	Incubation Time:	48 hours	Result:	Exhibited IC ₅₀ s of 12.77 and 9.42 µg/mL in L929 and HK-2 cells.
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In Vivo	<p>FtsZ-IN-1 (1-64 µg/mL; 1 hour) exhibits low hemolytic toxicity in mice erythrocytes (from Kunming mice) with IC₅ of 64 µg/mL^[1].</p> <p>MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.</p>								

REFERENCES

[1]. Zhong DX, She MT, Guo XC, et al. Design and synthesis of quinolinium-based derivatives targeting FtsZ for antibacterial evaluation and mechanistic study. *Eur J Med Chem.* 2022;236:114360.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

Tel: 609-228-6898

Fax: 609-228-5909

E-mail: tech@MedChemExpress.com

Address: 1 Deer Park Dr, Suite Q, Monmouth Junction, NJ 08852, USA