Flurbiprofen

Cat. No.:	HY-10582		
CAS No.:	5104-49-4		
Molecular Formula:	C15H13EO		
Molecular Weight:	244.26		
Target:	Apoptosis;	СОХ	
Pathway:	Apoptosis; Immunology/Inflammation		
Storage:	Powder	-20°C	3 years
		4°C	2 years
	In solvent	-80°C	2 years
		-20°C	1 vear

SOLVENT & SOLUBILITY

In Vitro	DMSO : ≥ 100 mg/mL (409.40 mM) * "≥" means soluble, but saturation unknown.				
		Solvent Mass Concentration	1 mg	5 mg	10 mg
	Preparing Stock Solutions	1 mM	4.0940 mL	20.4700 mL	40.9400 mL
		5 mM	0.8188 mL	4.0940 mL	8.1880 mL
		10 mM	0.4094 mL	2.0470 mL	4.0940 mL
	Please refer to the solubility information to select the appropriate solvent.				
In Vivo	1. Add each solvent o Solubility: ≥ 2.5 mg	one by one: 10% DMSO >> 40% PE(g/mL (10.23 mM); Clear solution	G300 >> 5% Tween-8	0 >> 45% saline	
	2. Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% (20% SBE-β-CD in saline) Solubility: ≥ 2.5 mg/mL (10.23 mM); Clear solution				
	3. Add each solvent o Solubility: ≥ 2.5 mg	one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% cor g/mL (10.23 mM); Clear solution	m oil		

BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

Description	Flurbiprofen (dl-Flurbiprofen) is a potent, orally active nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory agent (NSAIA/NSAID), with antipyretic and analgesic activities. Flurbiprofen is commonly used for the research of inflammatory diseases, including osteoarthritis and rheumatoid arthritis. Flurbiprofen is a non-selective cyclooxygenase (COX) inhibitor that can be used for the research of colorectal cancer ^{[1][2][3]} .		
IC ₅₀ & Target	СОХ	COX-1	COX-2

Page 1 of 3





In Vitro

Flurbiprofen (2-20 nM; 12-48 hours) significantly decreases SW620 cells proliferation in a concentration- and time-dependent manner^[1].

Flurbiprofen (10 nM; 24 hours) decreases COX-2 expression^[1].

Flurbiprofen (10 nM; 24 hours) inhibits the expression of inflammatory factors by inhibiting COX-2^[1]. Flurbiprofen (10 nM; 24 hours) promotes the apoptosis of colorectal cancer cells by inhibiting COX-2^[1].

MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

Cell Proliferation Assay^[1]

Cell Line:	SW620 cells
Concentration:	2 nM, 4 nM, 10 nM, 20 nM
Incubation Time:	12 hours, 24 hours, 48 hours
Result:	Inhibited colorectal cancer cell proliferation.

Western Blot Analysis^[1]

Cell Line:	SW620 cells
Concentration:	10 nM
Incubation Time:	24 hours
Result:	Significantly decreased the protein and mRNA levels of COX-2.

$\mathsf{RT}\text{-}\mathsf{PCR}^{[1]}$

Cell Line:	SW620 cells
Concentration:	10 nM
Incubation Time:	24 hours
Result:	Decreased COX-2 mRNA expression levels

Apoptosis Analysis^[1]

Cell Line:	SW620 cells
Concentration:	10 nM
Incubation Time:	24 hours
Result:	Significantly decreased the expression of Bcl2 and significantly increased the expression of Bax and cleaved-caspase3, with no effect on total caspase-3.

In Vivo

Flurbiprofen (0.3-4.8 mg/kg; p.o.; 4-5 dosages) has acute anti-inflammatory in adrenalectomized rats^[2]. Flurbiprofen (10 mg/kg; i.p.; daily; for 6 days) attenuates high-fat diet-induced obesity in mice^[3]. MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

Animal Model:	Rat ^[2]
Dosage:	0.3 mg/kg, 0.6 mg/kg, 1.2 mg/kg, 2.4 mg/kg, 4.8 mg/kg
Administration:	Oral administration, 4-5 dosages
Result:	Inhibited the acute inflammation.

REFERENCES

[1]. Hosoi, T., et al., Flurbiprofen ameliorated obesity by attenuating leptin resistance induced by endoplasmic reticulum stress. EMBO Mol Med, 2014.

[2]. Xiaobo Wang, et al. Flurbiprofen suppresses the inflammation, proliferation, invasion and migration of colorectal cancer cells via COX2. Oncol Lett. 2020 Nov; 20(5): 132.

[3]. E M Glenn, et al. The pharmacology of 2-(2-fluoro-4-biphenylyl)propionic acid (flurbiprofen). A potent non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drug. Agents Actions. 1973 Nov;3(4):210-6.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

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