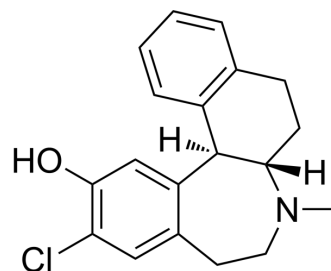


Ecopipam

Cat. No.:	HY-14690
CAS No.:	112108-01-7
Molecular Formula:	C ₁₉ H ₂₀ ClNO
Molecular Weight:	313.82
Target:	Dopamine Receptor; 5-HT Receptor; Adrenergic Receptor
Pathway:	GPCR/G Protein; Neuronal Signaling
Storage:	Please store the product under the recommended conditions in the Certificate of Analysis.



BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

Description	Ecopipam (SCH 39166) is a potent, selective and orally active antagonist of dopamine D1/D5 receptor, with K _i s of 1.2 nM and 2.0 nM, respectively. Ecopipam shows more than 40-fold selectivity over D2, D4, 5-HT, and α _{2a} receptor (K _i =0.98, 5.52, 0.08, and 0.73 μM, respectively). Ecopipam can be used for the research of schizophrenia and obesity ^{[1][3]} .			
IC₅₀ & Target	D ₁ Receptor 1.2 nM (K _i)	D ₅ Receptor 2.0 nM (K _i)	D ₂ Receptor 980 nM (K _i)	D ₄ Receptor 5520 nM (K _i)
	5-HT Receptor 80 nM (K _i)	Alpha-2A adrenergic receptor 731 nM (K _i)		
In Vitro	Ecopipam (2 μM) completely abolishes the proconvulsive effect of Dopamine (10 μM) in isolated corticohippocampal formation ^[2] . MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.			
In Vivo	Ecopipam (0.003-0.3 mg/kg; a single s.c.) abolishes Nicotine-induced enhancement of a sensory reinforcer in adult rats ^[3] . Ecopipam (10, mg/kg, oral administration) antagonizes Apomorphine-induced stereotypy in rats ^[4] . Ecopipam (5 and 10 μM, perfusion, 1 μL/min) reversibly and dose-dependently decreases acetylcholine release in the rat striatum ^[5] . MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.			
	Animal Model:	Male young adult Long-Evans rats injected with Nicotine ^[3]		
	Dosage:	0.003, 0.01, 0.03, 0.1, 0.3 mg/kg		
	Administration:	A single s.c. 20 min before Nicotine (0.1 mg/kg)		
	Result:	Dose-dependently reduced pressing on both active and inactive levers.		

REFERENCES

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[2]. Sharopov S, et al. Dopaminergic modulation of low-Mg²⁺-induced epileptiform activity in the intact hippocampus of the newborn mouse in vitro. J Neurosci Res. 2012 Oct;90(10):2020-33.

[3]. Satanove DJ, et al. Nicotine-induced enhancement of a sensory reinforcer in adult rats: antagonist pretreatment effects. Psychopharmacology (Berl). 2021 Feb;238(2):475-486.

[4]. R E Chipkin, et al. Pharmacological profile of SCH39166: a dopamine D1 selective benzonaphthazepine with potential antipsychotic activity. J Pharmacol Exp Ther. 1988 Dec;247(3):1093-102.

[5]. E Acquas, et al. Local application of SCH 39166 reversibly and dose-dependently decreases acetylcholine release in the rat striatum. Eur J Pharmacol. 1999 Nov 3;383(3):275-9.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

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