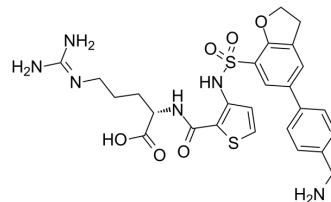


EG01377

Cat. No.:	HY-112151
CAS No.:	2227996-00-9
Molecular Formula:	C ₂₆ H ₃₀ N ₆ O ₆ S ₂
Molecular Weight:	586.68
Target:	Complement System
Pathway:	Immunology/Inflammation
Storage:	Please store the product under the recommended conditions in the Certificate of Analysis.



BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

Description	EG01377 is a potent, bioavailable and selective inhibitor of neuropilin-1 (NRP1), with a K _d of 1.32 μM, and IC ₅₀ s of both 609 nM for NRP1-a1 and NRP1-b1. EG01377 has antiangiogenic, antimigratory, and antitumor effects ^[1] .								
IC₅₀ & Target	IC ₅₀ : 609 nM (NRP1-a1 and NRP1-b) ^[1] K _d : 1.32 μM (NRP1-b1) ^[1]								
In Vitro	<p>EG01377 (3-30 μM; 30 minutes) inhibits vascular endothelial growth factor A (VEGF-A) stimulated tyrosine phosphorylation of VEGF-R2/KDR^[1].</p> <p>EG01377 (30 μM) is able to significantly reduce HUVEC cell migration in response to VEGFA^[1].</p> <p>EG01377 (30 μM; 5 days) can delay the VEGF-induced wound closure^[1].</p> <p>EG01377 (30 μM) reduces network area, length, and branching points^[1].</p> <p>EG01377 (30 μM; 7 days) reduces VEGF-induced angiogenesis^[1].</p> <p>EG01377 (30 μM; 7 days) in combination with VEGFA reduces A375P (malignant melanoma) spheroid outgrowth^[1].</p> <p>EG01377 (500 nM; 2 hours) blocks the production of transforming growth factor beta (TGFβ) by Nrp1⁺ regulatory T-cell SMAD3/AKT (Tregs) in the presence of tumor cell-derived factors^[1].</p> <p>MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.</p> <p>Western Blot Analysis^[1]</p> <table border="1"> <tr> <td>Cell Line:</td> <td>Human umbilical vein endothelial cells (HUVECs)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Concentration:</td> <td>3, 10, 30 μM</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Incubation Time:</td> <td>30 minutes</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Result:</td> <td>Inhibited VEGF-A stimulated tyrosine phosphorylation of VEGF-R2/KDR with an IC₅₀ of 30 μM.</td> </tr> </table>	Cell Line:	Human umbilical vein endothelial cells (HUVECs)	Concentration:	3, 10, 30 μM	Incubation Time:	30 minutes	Result:	Inhibited VEGF-A stimulated tyrosine phosphorylation of VEGF-R2/KDR with an IC ₅₀ of 30 μM.
Cell Line:	Human umbilical vein endothelial cells (HUVECs)								
Concentration:	3, 10, 30 μM								
Incubation Time:	30 minutes								
Result:	Inhibited VEGF-A stimulated tyrosine phosphorylation of VEGF-R2/KDR with an IC ₅₀ of 30 μM.								
In Vivo	<p>EG01377 (2 mg/kg; i.v.) exhibits an encouraging half-life of 4.29 h, sufficient to sustain once per day dosing in mice^[1].</p> <p>MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.</p> <table border="1"> <tr> <td>Animal Model:</td> <td>6-8 week-old BABL/c female mice^[1]</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Dosage:</td> <td>2 mg/kg (Pharmacokinetic Analysis)</td> </tr> </table>	Animal Model:	6-8 week-old BABL/c female mice ^[1]	Dosage:	2 mg/kg (Pharmacokinetic Analysis)				
Animal Model:	6-8 week-old BABL/c female mice ^[1]								
Dosage:	2 mg/kg (Pharmacokinetic Analysis)								

Administration:	I.v. administration
Result:	The half time ($T_{1/2}$) of 4.29 h.

CUSTOMER VALIDATION

- Cell Death Dis. 2023 Feb 25;14(2):159.

See more customer validations on www.MedChemExpress.com

REFERENCES

[1]. Powell J, et al. Small Molecule Neuropilin-1 Antagonists Combine Antiangiogenic and Antitumor Activity with Immune Modulation through Reduction of Transforming Growth Factor Beta ($TGF\beta$) Production in Regulatory T-Cells. J Med Chem. 2018 May 10;61(9):4135-

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

Tel: 609-228-6898

Fax: 609-228-5909

E-mail: tech@MedChemExpress.com

Address: 1 Deer Park Dr, Suite Q, Monmouth Junction, NJ 08852, USA