# Diloxanide

Cat. No.: HY-119972 CAS No.: 579-38-4 Molecular Formula: C<sub>9</sub>H<sub>9</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>NO<sub>2</sub> Molecular Weight: 234.08 Target: Parasite Pathway: Anti-infection

Storage: Powder

2 years

3 years

In solvent -80°C 6 months

-20°C

-20°C 1 month

**Product** Data Sheet

### **SOLVENT & SOLUBILITY**

In Vitro

DMSO: 33.33 mg/mL (142.39 mM; Need ultrasonic)

| Preparing<br>Stock Solutions | Solvent Mass<br>Concentration | 1 mg      | 5 mg       | 10 mg      |
|------------------------------|-------------------------------|-----------|------------|------------|
|                              | 1 mM                          | 4.2720 mL | 21.3602 mL | 42.7204 mL |
|                              | 5 mM                          | 0.8544 mL | 4.2720 mL  | 8.5441 mL  |
|                              | 10 mM                         | 0.4272 mL | 2.1360 mL  | 4.2720 mL  |

Please refer to the solubility information to select the appropriate solvent.

In Vivo

- 1. Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 40% PEG300 >> 5% Tween-80 >> 45% saline Solubility: ≥ 2.5 mg/mL (10.68 mM); Clear solution
- 2. Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% (20% SBE- $\beta$ -CD in saline) Solubility: ≥ 2.5 mg/mL (10.68 mM); Clear solution

## **BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY**

| Description               | Diloxanide is an anti-protozoal agent and can be used for the research of asymptomatic-intestinal amebiasis caused by Entamoeba histolytica or some other protozoal infections. Diloxanide is an active luminal amebicide and hydrolyzed in the gastrointestinal tract from its proagent Diloxanide furoate (HY-B1147) <sup>[1]</sup> .   |  |
|---------------------------|---|--|
| IC <sub>50</sub> & Target | Amebae  |  |
| In Vivo                   | Diloxanide is hydrolyzed in the gastrointestinal tract from its prodrug Diloxanide furoate <sup>[1]</sup> .  Diloxanide furoate (oral administraion; 75-200 mg/kg; 3 days; once daily) is effective at different dose of dayin weanling rats.  At 200 mg/kg, 100% of the treated rats are cured and no amoebic lesions are observed in the caecum. Besides, 85%,77%, and 44.4% of the treated rats are cured at the dose 150 mg/kg, 100 mg/kg, and 75 mg/kg, respectively. The ED50 value is 77.9 |  |



MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.

#### **REFERENCES**

[1]. DB08792

[2]. D K Chatterjee, et al. Antiamoebic activity of chonemorphine, a steroidal alkaloid, in experimental models. Parasitol Res. 1987;74(1):30-3.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

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Page 2 of 2 www.MedChemExpress.com