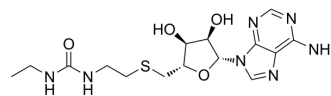


DS-437

Cat. No.:	HY-124131		
CAS No.:	1674364-87-4		
Molecular Formula:	C ₁₅ H ₂₃ N ₇ O ₄ S		
Molecular Weight:	397.45		
Target:	Histone Methyltransferase		
Pathway:	Epigenetics		
Storage:	Powder	-20°C	3 years
		4°C	2 years
	In solvent	-80°C	2 years
		-20°C	1 year



SOLVENT & SOLUBILITY

In Vitro	DMSO : 125 mg/mL (314.50 mM; Need ultrasonic)			
		Solvent Concentration	Mass	
			1 mg	5 mg
	Preparing Stock Solutions	1 mM	2.5160 mL	12.5802 mL
		5 mM	2.5160 mL	5.0321 mL
		10 mM	0.2516 mL	1.2580 mL
	Please refer to the solubility information to select the appropriate solvent.			
In Vivo	1. Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 40% PEG300 >> 5% Tween-80 >> 45% saline Solubility: ≥ 2.08 mg/mL (5.23 mM); Clear solution			
	2. Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% (20% SBE-β-CD in saline) Solubility: ≥ 2.08 mg/mL (5.23 mM); Clear solution			
	3. Add each solvent one by one: 10% DMSO >> 90% corn oil Solubility: ≥ 2.08 mg/mL (5.23 mM); Clear solution			

BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

Description	DS-437 is a dual PRMT5/7 inhibitor (IC ₅₀ s of PRMT5/7=6 μM). DS-437 is selective for PRMT5 and PRMT7 over 29 other human protein-, DNA-, and RNA-methyltransferases. DS-437 is a S-adenosylmethionine (SAM)-competitive inhibitor of PRMT5. DS-437 also inhibits DNMT3A and DNMT3B, with IC ₅₀ s of 52 and 62 μM, respectively. DS-437 inhibits the methylation of FOXP3 ^[1] [2].		
IC ₅₀ & Target	PRMT5	PRMT7	

In Vitro	<p>DS-437 was able to inhibit methylation of an H4[1–24] peptide by the PRMT5–MEP50 complex under balanced conditions (cofactor and substrate concentrations set at their respective K_m values) in a dose-dependent manner with an IC_{50} of $5.9 \pm 1.4 \mu M$^[1].</p> <p>DS-437 increased total CD8⁺ and CD8⁺ PD-1⁺ T cells^[2].</p> <p>MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.</p>								
In Vivo	<p>DS-437 (10 mg/kg; i.p.; 5 times a week) has some beneficial effects on inhibiting tumor growth. The combination of DS-437 and the anti-p185^{erbB2/neu} antibody 4D5 had even more dramatic effects^[1].</p> <p>MCE has not independently confirmed the accuracy of these methods. They are for reference only.</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="345 447 1515 684"> <tr> <td data-bbox="345 447 618 510">Animal Model:</td> <td data-bbox="618 447 1515 510">Six to Ten weeks old female Balb/c mice (bearing CT26Her2 tumor cells)^[1]</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="345 510 618 573">Dosage:</td> <td data-bbox="618 510 1515 573">10 mg/kg</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="345 573 618 636">Administration:</td> <td data-bbox="618 573 1515 636">i.p.; 5 times a week</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="345 636 618 684">Result:</td> <td data-bbox="618 636 1515 684">Had some beneficial effects on inhibiting tumor growth.</td> </tr> </table>	Animal Model:	Six to Ten weeks old female Balb/c mice (bearing CT26Her2 tumor cells) ^[1]	Dosage:	10 mg/kg	Administration:	i.p.; 5 times a week	Result:	Had some beneficial effects on inhibiting tumor growth.
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Dosage:	10 mg/kg								
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Result:	Had some beneficial effects on inhibiting tumor growth.								

REFERENCES

[1]. Smil D, et al. Discovery of a Dual PRMT5-PRMT7 Inhibitor. ACS Med Chem Lett. 2015 Mar 2;6(4):408-12.

[2]. Nagai Y, et al. PRMT5 Associates With the FOXP3 Homomer and When Disabled Enhances Targeted p185^{erbB2/neu} Tumor Immunotherapy. Front Immunol. 2019 Feb 8;10:174.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

Tel: 609-228-6898

Fax: 609-228-5909

E-mail: tech@MedChemExpress.com

Address: 1 Deer Park Dr, Suite Q, Monmouth Junction, NJ 08852, USA